The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $1,50 a year in advance.

VOL. XIX. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1864. NO. 46.

TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$1 50
Six months.....75
Three months.....50

A failure to notify a discontinuance at the expiration of the term subscribed for will be considered a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less,	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
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Two squares,	1 00	1 50	2 00
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Two squares,	5 00	8 00	10 00
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Four squares,	9 00	13 00	20 00
Half a column,	12 00	16 00	24 00
One column,	20 00	30 00	50 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding four lines, One year.....$7 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$1 75
Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

GREAT CENTRAL FAIR

FOR THE

SANITARY COMMISSION.

Office of the Committee on Labor, Incomes and Revenues,
No. 118 South Seventh Street,
Philadelphia, April 4th, 1864.

The Committee on "Labor, Incomes and Revenues," invite co-operation with them in the particular work for which they have been appointed. As no portion of the people are more patriotic than the working men and women of the country, it is but just and proper that they should alike have an opportunity to contribute to the object of the Fair. The most equable plan for accomplishing this, and, at the same time the easiest one, is to ask for the contribution of a *single day's labor* from all classes in the community. Many will contribute a day of their labor willingly, who would not subscribe their money—To reach every department of industry and art will be a work of great labor, but, if attained, will be productive of immense results.

The success of the plan will depend upon the hearty co-operation of every element of influence within our limits, and we invite all the guardians of the industrial interests, and all others, to take hold with us in furthering this great work of patriotism and humanity.

The Committee is charged with the following duty, to wit:

First.—To obtain the contribution of "one day's labor," or earnings, from every artisan, and laborer, foreman, operative and employee; president, cashier, teller and clerk of every incorporated and unincorporated company, railroad and express company, employing firm, bank, manufactory, iron works, oil works, mill, mine and public office; *from every private banker and broker, importer, auctioneer and merchant*; clerk, agent and salesman; designer, finisher and artist; publisher, printer and mechanic; from every government officer, contractor and employee: grocer, butcher, baker and dealer; farmer, horticulturist and producer; from every mantua-maker milliner and female operative; every individual engaged in turning the soil, tending the loom, or in any way turning a livelihood, or building a fortune within the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware.

Second.—To obtain the contribution of "one day's revenue," from all the great employing establishments, firms corporations, companies, railroads and works.

Third.—To obtain the contribution of one day's income from every retired person and person of fortune—male and female—living upon their means, and from all clergymen, lawyers, physicians, dentists, editors, authors and professors; all other persons engaged in the learned or other professions.

Much of this work must be performed by the personal *influence and efforts of ladies and gentlemen associated*, or to be associated with the Committee in carrying out this plan.

The Committee feel the responsibility of the work they have undertaken, which, to be successful, will require a very perfect ramification of their plan, and they therefore call up n all earnest people, to assemble them-selves together in every town, township, and county, and form organizations of ladies and gentlemen to co-operate with them in this great work and labor of love. In the manufacturing counties, the coal and oil regions, and in the agricultural districts,—especially, let there be organizations in the large towns, so that the young people may have an opportunity thus to render assistance to their relatives and friends fighting the battles of their country in the armies of the nation.

The work of this Committee may be prosecuted where no other effort can be made for the Fair as in the mines of the coal regions. A day's earnings of the miners, and a day's product of the mines, can be obtained, where no portable article could be procured for transportation.—Indeed, there is no part or section of these States where the day's labor may not be obtained, if organizations can be formed to reach them.

The Committee cannot close without urging upon all Proprietors of Establishments, the duty of taking prompt and energetic action to secure the benefit of the day of labor from all within their control.

The Committee deem it unnecessary to do more, than thus to present the subject to the people of the three States named. In the coming campaign of our armies, the labors of the "SANITARY COMMISSION" will be greatly augmented. By the first of June 700,000 men—one of the largest armies of modern times—*will be operating in the field.* No large a force, scattered over regions to which the men are unacclimated, must necessarily carry along with it a large amount of sickness, suffering and death, to say nothing of the gathered horrors of the battle-field.

These sufferings, it is our bounden duty, as men and Christians, to relieve. A great and enlightened people enjoying the blessings of a government of their own making, CANNOT REFUSE assistance to men suffering to maintain its authority and we will not believe that the

"GREAT CENTRAL FAIR"

drawing *its products from the three states of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware*, so affluent in all mineral, agricultural and industrial wealth, shall fall behind any similar effort which has yet been made for the relief of the Nation's children.

As it is desirable not to multiply circulars; *no further authority than this circular will be necessary for any employing firm or company or any respectable committee of ladies and gentlemen, to proceed at once in the work of this committee*; and it is hoped that under it, organizations will spring up, in all the towns and busy regions of the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware.

Subscriptions will be thankfully acknowledged in the newspapers of Philadelphia; and it is very desirable that they commence soon, as each fresh acknowledgment will stimulate effort in other localities.

All subscriptions should be addressed to JOHN W. CLAGHORN, Treasurer, office of the "Committee on Labor, Incomes and Revenue," No. 118 South Seventh st., Philadelphia.

☞ All needful helps in Circulars and Posters will be forwarded to parties applying for them. Direct to the Chairman of the Committee as above.

L. MONTGOMERY BOND Chairman.
JOHN W. CLAGHORN, Treasurer.
REV. E. W. HUTTER, Corresponding Secretary.
MACGREGOR J. MITCHESON, Secretary.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

His Excellency, A. G. Curtin, Governor of Pennsylvania.
His Excellency, Joel Parker, Governor of New Jersey.
His Excellency, William Cannon, Governor of Delaware.
Hon. Alexander Henry, Mayor of Philadelphia.
Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoll, Pennsylvania.
Hon. Judge Carpenter, New Jersey.
Hon. Judge Harrington, Delaware.
Major General George G. Meade, Army of the Potomac.

COMMITTEE.

Right Rev. Bishop Potter.	Mrs. Rev. E. W. Hutter.
Most Rev. Bishop Wood	Chairman
Rev. Bishop Simpson.	Mrs. George M. Dallas.
Rev. Dr. Brainard.	Mrs. John Sergeant.
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Dr. Walter Williamson.	Mrs. Enoch Turley.
Hon. Oswald Thompson.	Miss A. Sager.
Hon. J. H. Ludlow.	Miss Susan O'Neill.
N. B. Browne.	Miss Sallie Scott.
Daniel Dougherty.	Miss Louisa E. Claghorn.
and 90 others.	and 35 others.

apri20,1864.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Thursday, Dec. 10, 1863, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS. Even'g P. M.	Morn'g A. M.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	Morn'g A. M.	Even'g P. M.
LE 3 50	LE 7 45	Huntingdon,	AR 11 10	AR 7 10
4 10	05	McConnellstown,	10 52	6 51
4 18	8 13	Pleasant Grove,	10 45	6 44
4 25	8 20	Marklesburg,	10 31	6 30
4 60	8 45	Coffee Run,	10 17	6 19
4 57	8 53	Rough & Ready,	10 10	6 09
5 07	9 05	Cove,	9 59	5 55
5 11	9 09	Fisher's Summit,	9 55	5 50
AR 5 20	AR 9 25		LE 9 40	LE 5 40
LE 5 40	LE 9 40	Saxton,	AR 9 25	AR 5 30
5 57	10 00	Riddlesburg,	9 07	5 10
6 03	10 08	Hopewell,	9 00	5 00

BEDFORD RAIL ROAD.

6 19	10 24	Piper's Run,	8 44	4 45
6 44	10 49	Hamilton,	8 24	4 20
AR 7 00	AR 11 05	Bloody Run,	LE 8 10	LE 4 05

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

	LE 9 40	Saxton,	AR 8 30	AR 5 30
	9 55	Coalmont,	8 15	5 15
	10 00	Crawford,	8 05	5 05
	AR 10 10	Dudley,	LE 8 00	LE 5 00
		Broad Top City,		

Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1863. JAS. LEWIS, Supt.

WAR FOR THE UNION.

NEW ORLEANS, St. LOUIS, MEMPHIS, NORFOLK, &c. TAKEN.—ASHBY SLAIN, AND THE BACKBONE OF "SECESH" BROKEN

But while you rejoice at the success of our gallant troops and the prospect of the speedy downfall of the Rebel Army, do not forget to call at the store of

WALLACE & CLEMENT,

before purchasing elsewhere, and see our new stock goods, consisting of

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Boots and Shoes,
Queensware,
Crockery ware,
Tobacco Segars,
Hams,
Flitch,
Shoulders,
Fish,
Flour,
Salt,

and a general assortment of notions, all of which are offered on reasonable terms for cash or produce.

Huntingdon, July 1, 1863.

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION!

You all want a CLOTHES WRINGER, in order to get through your washing earlier, spare your strength and at the same time save enough in the wear of clothes by using a Wringer, to pay for it in six months, at the present price of cotton. Wringers that have taken the PREMIUM OVER ALL OTHERS in the market, for sale at the Hardware Store of Feb,1864 JAMES A. BROWN.

BRIEN'S GREAT SHOW

AND

TOM KING'S

Excelsior Circus

(From Baltimore and Washington,)

COMBINED!

WILL EXHIBIT AT

HUNTINGDON,

WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1864.

WM. MIDDLETON, - Treasurer
THOMAS KING, - Equestrian Director

The fame of this unrivalled Troupe is world-renowned. It has met with universal commendation. In the physical science of Acrobatic, Gymnastic and Equestrian exercises, sports and pastimes, each of the performers possesses the most consummate skill, pleasing, graceful daring—never failing to delight the spectator, transferring him or her, for the time being, to the very realms of ecstacy or fascination.

A GRAND PROCESSION!

With a band of music, will be made at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the day of opening, consisting of the splendid Chariot "*Sea Shell*," drawn by *twelve thoroughbred steeds of Arabia.*

The Troupe is composed of the following named skillful Artistes:

Mad. LOUISE TOURNAIRE

The daring French Equestrienne and Bare-back Rider, whose unrivaled performances have thrilled the world, has no equal in her extremely splendid and truly classical manage exercises, in which she has elicited the applause of the best critics in America as well as in Europe.

Mlle. VIRGINIA!

Graceful and Charming, will appear in single or double acts of Equestrianism, in which she will thrill the audience in the development of the skill she has so proudly attained in the profession.

MLLE. LAVINIA!

A Spanish Equestrienne and fascinating Danseuse, will take a prominent part in the panorama of living Artistes, and thus add a lovely picture to enrapture the spell-bound spectator.

James Reynolds

The People's Clown, will appear, and make the moments pass pleasantly, convulsing the audience with the exhibition of his wit, merriment and humor.

JAMES WARD!

The great Performing and Trick Clown, will develop some of the most astonishing juggling, sing a good song, tell a good story, and win the applause of his auditors.

MONS. ROCHELLE!

Unquestionably, as the most profound critics say, the best Gymnast in the world.

WILLIAM NAYLOR!

The world-renowned pupil of the great Levi J. North, is an accomplished Principal Rider, and will introduce his celebrated and truly thrilling HURDLE ACT!

LOUIS ZANFRETTA!

A wonderful Acrobat and Gymnast, will perform that difficult feat known as the Flying Trapeze. In this he will astonish all beholders.

JOHN NAYLOR!

The great Tumbler and Jumper, will appear in his favorite role, and thus add to the general hilarity of the entertainment.

SIGNOR G. WAMBOLD!

As the Man of Many Forms, will astound the audience with his powers of bending himself into all inconceivable shapes. He is truly wonderful, and has not an equal in the world.

WILLIAM H. GREEN!

The great Horse Tamer, Modern Hercules, and Six Horse Rider, will also add to the grand entertainment of the Archives of the great Classical Show.

WILLIAM SMITH!

In his graceful divertisement, known in the French language as La Perche, will exhibit his wonderful powers and skill. He is also an *fait* in his celebrated character of the Mad Monkey.

TOM KING!

Whose name is well known in the profession will demonstrate his great Bounds Leaps, As a vaulter, and Single or Double Act Equestrian, he has no peer.

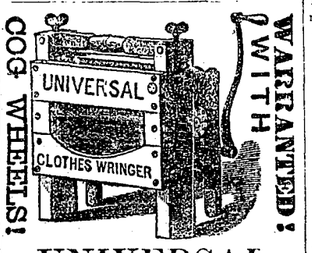
J. C. CLARK!

Will also add to the attraction of the entertainment by indulging in his fearless and daring performances on the rope.

The *Horses* are all *thoroughbred, wonderfully well trained.* The beautiful Pony, SPIDER, the pet of the children, is the smallest equine animal in the world. The Trick Horse, GRAY EAGLE, and that beautifully spotted Charger, CHAMPION, and last, but not least, the comically educated Mules, TOM and JERRY, from Acapulco, Mexico, will be exhibited, and made to demonstrate their wondrous powers during the exhibition.

PRICE OF ADMISSION—To Boxes, - Twenty-five Cents
HALF PRICE!

H. L. STEBBINS, General Business Agent.



UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER!

No. 1.	*Large Family Wringer*,	$10,00
No. 2.	*Medium* " "	7,00
No. 2½	" " "	6,00
No. 3.	*Small* " "	5,00
No. 8.	*Large Hotel*, "	14,00
No. 18.	*Medium Laundry* { to run steam or hand. }	18,00
No. 22.	*Large* "	30,00

Nos. 2½ and 3 have no Cogs. All others are warranted.

*No. 2 is the size generally used in private families.

ORANGE JUDD, of the "American Agriculturist," says of the

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.

"A child can readily wring out a rubbish of clothes in a few minutes. It is in reality a CLOTHES SAVER! A TIME SAVER! and a STRENGTH SAVER! The saving of garments will alone pay a large per centage on its cost. We think the machine much more than "pays for itself every year" in the saving of garments! There are several kinds, nearly alike in general construction, but we consider it important that the Wringer be fitted with Cogs, otherwise a mass of garments may clog the rollers, and the rollers upon the crank-shaft slip and tear the clothes, or the rubber break loose from the shaft. Our own is one of the first make, and *it is as GOOD AS NEW after nearly* FOUR YEARS' CONSTANT USE.

Every Wringer with Cog Wheels is Warranted in every particular.

No Wringer can be Durable without Cog Wheels.

A good CANVASSER wanted in every town.

☞ On receipt of the price from places where no one is selling, we will send the Wringer *free of expense.*

For particulars and circulars address R. C. BROWNING,
347 Broadway, N. Y.

Aug. 12, '63.

YOU will find the Largest and Best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods at D. P. GWINN'S.

Gardner, Hemmings & Co's.

GREAT

AMERICAN CIRCUS.

DAN GARDNER, - - MANAGER.

This elegant Equestrian Company, entirely remodeled, and refitted for the summer tour of 1864, comes to furnish cheap and innocent amusement to the public, with an array of novelty hitherto unequalled in the annals of Equestrian Amusement

WILL EXHIBIT AT

HUNTINGDON,

THURSDAY MAY 12

ADMISSION, - 25 CENTS.

Reserved Seats, 50 *Cents.*

TWO PERFORMANCES EACH DAY!

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Doors open at 2 and 7 P M.

To commence half an hour later.

Among the many attractions of this, the Star Equestrian Troupe of America, is the great

TROUPE OF ARABS,

5 IN NUMBER—3 MALES AND 2 FEMALES.

The names of these Children of the Desert are as follow

SKYD HASSAN! The Man of strength.
ALI HASSAN!
ZARA, the Beautiful Arab Girl!

The only Female Contortionist and Acrobat in the world This young lady—the Star of the Arab troupe—in her Wonderful Performance, baffles description.

SCHYMRAL HASSAN!
ZULEIKA, the Fearnaught!

In securing this Great Troupe of Arabs the Management was actuated solely by their great desire to introduce something entirely New to the Public, as the Performance of these, the Real Children of the Desert is entirely different from anything yet seen in this country. At a cost of $5,000 the Management has constructed a

GRAND GOLDEN CHARIOT,

of the Beautiful and Elaborate Description, manufactured expressly for this season by Fielding Brothers, New York city. This magnificent Chariot will enter town, each morning of Exhibition drawn by

12 CREAM COLORED CHARGERS

The Chariot contains Fritz Hartman's Celebrated Philadelphia Brass Band, and followed by the entire Cortege of Horses, Ponies, Mules, Carriages, Baggage Vans, &c., thus forming a Grand Procession of an elegant description.

In conjunction with the Troupe of Arabs the Management have secured many of the Star Equestrians of Europe and America.

Look at the Names!

DAN GARDNER,
RICHARD HEMMINGS,
MISS ELIZA GARDNER,
FRANK CARPENTER,
JOHN RIVERS,
Sig. G H. DE LOUIS.

The Great Horizontal Bar Performer and Trainer of the celebrated Canine Wonder, *Jenny Lind.*

GEORGE BROWN,
MADAME CAMILLA,
MASTER EDWIN GARDNER,
LA PETITE CAMILLA,

Together with Messrs. Dubois, Bolino, Springer, Neida, Baymonte, Glenroy, &c., &c.

THE STUD OF HORSES, PONIES, and Mules, is believed to be the Finest Collection of Thoroughbred Choppers in the World—they are all trained in the highest art of Equestrian skill.

The Pavilion, or Tent,

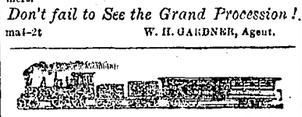
Is entirely new, manufactured expressly for the summer campaign, by Henry Dougherty, New York, at a cost of $4,000. It is both large and comfortable, capable of seating, with perfect ease, 3,000 spectators.

DON'T FORGET THE DAY AND DATE!

Don't confound this with any of the many one-horse shows that will traverse the country this summer—but wait for the REAL SHOW, with the troupe of Arabs, Golden Chariot, Beautiful Horses and First Class Performers.

Don't fail to See the Grand Procession!

mai-2t W. H. GARDNER, Agent.



PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD. MAIL.	FAST LINE.	PHILADA. EXPRESS	BALTIMORE EXPRESS	STATIONS.	EASTWARD THROUGH EXPRESS.	FAST MAIL.	COMMODATION. THROUGH
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
5 17	.....	.....	.....	N. Hamilton,	.....	.....	1 43
5 25	.....	.....	5 36	Mt. Union,	11 26	9 45	1 35
5 35	.....	.....	.....	Mapleton,	.....	.....	1 25
5 43	.....	.....	.....	Mill Creek,	.....	9 21	1 18
5 59	7 40	55	6 07	Huntingdon,	11 01	9 21	1 07
6 15	.....	...	6 21	Petersburg,	10 47	9 07	12 52
6 23	.....	.....	.....	Barree,	.....	.....	12 44
6 31	.....	.....	6 36	Spruce Creek,	10 35	8 55	12 38
6 49	.....	.....	.....	Birmingham,	.....	.....	12 23
6 58	.....	.....	7 00	Tyrone,	10 13	8 33	12 15
7 08	.....	.....	7 10	Tipton,	.....	.....	12 05
7 14	.....	.....	.....	Fostoria,	.....	.....	12 00
7 19	8 10	.....	7 20	Bell's Mills,	9 54	8 14	11 55
7 40	8 25	.....	7 40	Altoona,	9 40	8 00	11 40
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	A. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 1 20 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 2 37 A. M.

The EMIGRANT TRAIN Westward leaves N. Hamilton at 10 28 A. M. and arrives at Hunting on, 11 25 A. M.

READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.

Trains leave HARRISBURG for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, and all Intermediate Stations, at 8 A. M., and 2.00 P. M.

NEW-YORK Express leaves HARRISBURG at 3.00 A. M., arriving at NEW-YORK at 10.15 the same morning.

Fares from HARRISBURG: To NEW-YORK, $5 15; to PHILADELPHIA, $3 75 and $2 80. Baggage checked through.

Returning leave NEW-YORK at 6 A. M., 12 Noon, and 7 P. M., (PITTSBURGH EXPRESS arriving at HARRISBURG at 2 A. M.) Leave PHILADELPHIA at 8.15 A. M., and 3.30 P. M.

Sleeping cars in the NEW-YORK EXPRESS TRAINS, through to and from PITTSBURGH without change.

Passengers by the CATAWISSA Rail Road leave TAMAQUA at 8.50 A. M., for PHILADELPHIA and all Intermediate Stations; and at 2.15 P. M., for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK and all Way Points.

Trains leave POTTSVILLE at 9.15 A. M., and 2.30 P. M., for PHILADELPHIA, HARRISBURG and NEW-YORK.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 9.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4.30 P. M.

☞ All the above trains run daily, Sundays excepted.

A Sunday train leaves POTTSVILLE at 7.30 A. M., and PHILADELPHIA at 3.15 P. M.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Dec. 8, 1863. *General Superintendent.*

WM. MANN'S AXES, at old prices, at the Hardware store of JAS. A. BROWN.
Huntingdon, Feb9,64

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENNSYLVANIA & THE PRESIDENCY.

Address & Platform of the Union State Convention.

The address and resolutions adopted by the late Convention at Harrisburg are as follows:

To the People of Pennsylvania: In presenting the name of Abraham Lincoln, for re-election to the Presidency, to our fellow-citizens of Pennsylvania and of the other loyal States, we are constrained by a high sense of what is due to the principle involved, briefly to set forth the reasons which impel us to this preference. In doing so, we desire emphatically to state that our ardent purpose to secure the re-election of the present Chief Magistrate of the Union is controlled by no hasty intention to neutralize the high claims to patriotism of other statesmen mentioned in connection with the same great office by the Union men of the country; nor to have it manifest, either, that we are controlled by any selfish adherence to a mere man, in this the hour of a free people's struggle for their existence. The *reasons* which urge us to advocate the re-election of Abraham Lincoln, are such as must influence all patriotic men in *adopting measures* that will best subserve the safety and purity of the Government, the honor and glory of its people, with their speedy triumph over the murderous combinations of a wicked rebellion. The Administration, in all its attitudes, presents the power of the Government in all its might and majesty. Whatever affects the one, must, more or less, influence and impair the other. If the Government should be defeated, the overthrow of the Administration must of course follow. If the conspirators, who do the bidding of Jefferson Davis, triumph, necessarily the brave men who obey the summons and enter in the fight for the Union, under the general direction of the President of the United States, must also be defeated, and as they go down, the President ceases to be the representative of national power; and as all these perish, so, too, will all men who are now free and independent, either be sacrificed to the horrors of war, or be doomed to the still greater horrors of slavery. From these alternatives there is no escape. Our political enemies have so couched their battle cry as to render most odious those who now represent the National authority; while our armed foes, (the natural allies of those opposed to us politically) have schooled their followers in the same prejudices. So closely are these identified, even now it is boasted in the revolted States as being only necessary for the success of rebellion, that the peace Democracy should succeed in the loyal States; while the peace Democracy insist, as the basis of their success, that the rebellion must first become a military triumph. This is not an assumption of our own to make an argument against our enemies. The history of the whole course of the slaveholders' rebellion corroborates it on the one side, while the career of those who sympathize with treason, affirms it on the other. Hence the necessity of so identifying the Administration with the Government in the coming political contest, as to make them inseparable—the one as potential as the other—invincible against their combined enemies, North and South. *This can only be done by the re-nomination and re election of Abraham Lincoln.* Until the rebellion is put down, or at least until its armed force and vigor are broken, there should be no change in the Administration representing the Government. Obvious reasons impress us with the importance of this position. A change of men would involve a change of measures; so that while the loyal States were undergoing such a revulsion, the States that are in rebellion would be afforded time to gather new strength wherewith possibly to overwhelm and destroy the Government. Campaigns then just projected would be immediately countermanded to appease the rage of partisan rivalry. Leaders fairly tried would be reduced in command to make room for the ambitious, incompetent and useless imbecile. The depreciation of the currency, now so eagerly aimed at, would then be speedily accomplished. The ruin of the national credit, now treated as a jest would then be received as a reality, and mocked as a deserving result. Our diplomacy would become the channel of conveying to the nations of the world the evidence of our internal broils and the fact of our national weakness. And thus, with schism where the Union is now strong, and antagonisms where cordiality now prevails, the general wreck of the Government would mark the imprudent change in its present administration, and the enslavement of a people who are now free and independent, conclude the bleak record of the nation's decline and fall.

If a nation's safety is worth a party's noblest efforts, then indeed have we, claiming to be the loyal men of the land, and ready to sacrifice all that is dear or valuable, the noblest incentives to labor for our political success. Believing, as we do, that there is but one principle of politics now animating the public heart—and that principle involving the purity of the government and the freedom of the governed—our duty becomes at once plain, forcible and binding. In the performance of this duty, we are asked to make no sacrifices. On the contrary we are invoked to contend against the sacrifice of what is essentially necessary for the permanency of the Government. We are asked to harmonize our political organization, and to unite on a tried and faithful servant, in order that the contest at the ballot-box may be a victory worthy of the emulation of our fellow-citizens on the battle field, a victory which will forever seal the doom of treason in all the States. In the contest for the Presidency we have it in our power materially to aid those who are carrying on a struggle where blood marks their progress, and death hovers over the combatants. If we succeed in re-electing Abraham Lincoln, our brothers in the field will triumph over the armed foes of the Government. If we reaffirm the power of the National Administration by endorsing the national authorities in the re election of Abraham Lincoln, rebellion must cease. Nothing is surer—nothing could be more desirable.

It is not necessary for us to go into a history of the National Administration, in order to make up a claim for the re election of Abraham Lincoln. With that claim resting on the necessities of the Government, and endorsed by the preferences of the people, any merit which the man may have, of personal virtue and unsullied reputation sinks into insignificance. And yet the American people owe it to themselves as well as to Abraham Lincoln, to acknowledge the influence which his personal virtues have exercised on the conflict in which we are now engaged. That influence has more than once dispelled the groveling suspicion of demagogues, and hushed the angry jar of faction. The firmness of his rule has disarmed the machinations of the Northern sympathizers with Southern rebellion. The impartiality of his official acts and constructions, have preserved the Constitution he swore to support, pure; and the law he has pledged to enforce, inviolate; so far as his authority extended and his official power could be wielded. In the first struggle for independence, our fathers could not have been prouder of Washington, than are we, in this our struggle for a more perfect independence, proud of Abraham Lincoln. The future will enhance the greatness and glory which cluster around him in the present hour. And if we, nobly striving for equitable principle and a free Government, can secure the services of Abraham Lincoln in the Presidential chair for an other term we will be conferring the greatest possible boon upon posterity, by securing the eternal perpetuation of a free Government. To this end we invoke the co-operation of our fellow citizens of this and the other loyal States. We ask all true men to join with us in securing, not the mere triumph of a party or the continuation of the rule of man—but the success of a principle—the vindication of a heaven born, God-inspired right, that the life of the Republic may be prolonged, the hope of the world once more animated, and the down-trodden of all countries and climes filled with joy and gladness!

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the vindication of the national honor, and the enforcement of the national authority, against the aggressions of a desperate and wicked conspiracy, are the only objects which should now claim the attention of parties and engage the efforts of those who represent the Government. Until that authority which is the supreme law of the land is recognized in all its borders, there cannot and dare not be any terms of peace offered to traitors. Until peace elicits unqualified and entire submission to the national authority, war must be waged while there is an arm left to strike a blow, and a dollar in the national treasury to subsist a soldier.

Resolved, That we heartily endorse the policy of the National Administration, and the means employed for the suppression of rebellion, the punishment of traitors at home and abroad, a policy which, if carried out, will end in the speedy triumph of our arms, and the security and permanency of the Government.

Resolved, That we regard the renomination and election of Abraham Lincoln to the Presidency as essential not only to the complete overthrow of the slaveholders' rebellion, but as necessary to the full organization and operation of that policy which alone can secure the future peace and prosperity of a restored Union. The purity of his character, the liberality of his views, the independence of his action, and the regard which he ever manifests for justice and right, fit him preeminently for the direction of the affairs of the nation, until its authority is recognized, received and respected in all the States of the American Union

Resolved, That, in response to the sentiment of the loyal men of Pennsylvania, and in justice to a tried and faithful public officer, the thanks of this convention are hereby tendered to Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of the Commonwealth. His manly defence of the honor and dignity of the State, his unwavering adherence to its credit, and his vigilant care of its interests, have had their influence alike upon the political character of its citizens, and the prosperity which now marks their trade and enterprise, and demands a people's highest admiration and applause.

Resolved, That the alacrity with which the Governor of Pennsylvania has contributed, through the aid of our fellow citizens, to the national defence, is in keeping with the character of loyalty ever borne by the Keystone State. Through the active energy of Governor Curtin, Pennsylvania has had the satisfaction of knowing that her State flag has floated in almost every battle fought for the Union, while no Commonwealth has given more of its material means in aid of the Government than that which the wise and frugal measures of Andrew G. Curtin have enabled this State to extend to the National Government.

Resolved, That the highest rewards of the nation are due to the brave men who are now in the field, periling their lives, in a struggle with a base and wicked conspiracy; that we will ever hold in grateful recollection the memory of those who have already perished in the fight for the Union, and extend to those who survive to return once more to their homes the honor which their valor has fairly won, and the peaceful rest which their labors so eminently deserve.

Resolved, That we thank the loyal members of the Legislature for the steady and persistent course with which they have maintained the honor and credit of the Commonwealth, and the stern patriotism with which they also resisted the revolutionary schemes of the minorities in the Senate and House. The attitude of the majority in both branches of the Legislature on the interest question and on the enfranchisement of the soldier, was controlled alike by a regard for economy and a determination to recognize in the defenders of the Union, citizens, deserving the highest rank and franchises; while the course of general legislation has been such at least as to deserve for the Legislature during the session about to close, our frank approval.

Resolved, That the thanks of the whole people are due to the gallant men who are now in the lead of our armies, and that we hold ourselves in readiness, at a moment's warning, to second the efforts of these to render the summer campaign against treason the final end of the struggle for the peace of the country and the full recognition of the authority of the Government in all the States.

MAKING HOME HAPPY.—Among the most prominent evils of the age is the practice of allowing boys to spend their evenings away from the family circle. It is this night education in the street, which transforms the bright promising youth into the rowdy, dissolute, lawless man. The first great duty of parents is to make home cheerful and pleasant. In order to guard children from the contaminating influences of evil society, parents and guardians should see that their children are supplied with some cheerful entertainment at home. They should give them an opportunity of improving their minds by gaining useful knowledge, and furnish them with books, the expense of which would be far less, than to provide them with funds of amusements away from home. If parents do their whole duty in interesting their children during the evenings, it will prevent them from associating with the abandoned that *throng the streets*; and with proper treatment they will exhibit no disposition to wander from home. Many youths of good natural abilities have been ruined by substituting the street and places of public resort for the family fireside. The habits of the boy will cling to the man. His standing and usefulness in life will depend upon the training received under the domestic roof. Thousands of boys who would otherwise have inscribed their names upon the roll of immortality, have been ruined by unhappy homes or the want of a cheerful domestic circle. Youth is fond of pleasure, and if deprived of it at home, naturally goes elsewhere to seek it.—*N. Y. Sun.*

CHARACTER IS POWER.—It is often said that knowledge is power—and this is true. Skill or faculty of any kind carries with it superiority. So, to a certain extent, wealth is power, and genius has a transcendent gift of mastery over men. But higher, purer, and better than all, more constant in its influence, more lasting in its sway, is the power of character—that power which emanates from a pure and lofty mind. Take any community, who is the man of most influence? To whom do all look up with reverence? Not the "smartest" man, nor the cleverest politician, nor the most brilliant talker, but he, who, in a long course of years, tried by the extremes of prosperity and adversity, has approved himself to the judgment of his neighbors, and of all who have seen his life, as worthy to be called wise and good

VALUE OF AN AFRICAN WIFE.—Some English settlers in South Africa, in a hunting excursion across the frontier, were entertained at the kraal of the Amatymba Caffres. The chief required how many wives an Englishman usually had, and how many were required to pay for one. He was told that no man, not even the king himself, was allowed to have more than one wife; and that property was not given for them, but on the contrary, expected with them. "You are a people of strange customs," said the Caffre; "among us no man can procure a tolerable wife for less than ten good oxen, and our chiefs sometimes pay sixty cattle for one of superior qualities. Your women, I fear make but indifferent wives since no one will pay for them, and their relatives must even pay the men to marry them off their hands."

After a chicken has gone to roost, if you open the hen house door you will find it a fowl-in peace.

Does it follow that because a babe is born rich it can at that particular moment stand a loan?

Why is an Irishman's joke like an Irishman? Because it is pat.

PLENTY.—Rain.

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the best style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
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CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,

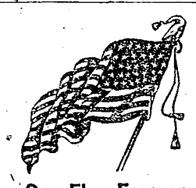
A

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, May 11, 1864.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.



Our Flag Forever.

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

Union State Electoral Ticket.

SENATORIAL.

Morton M'Michael, Philadelphia.
Thos. H. Cunningham, Beaver co.

REPRESENTATIVE.

1 Robt. P King,	13 Elias W. Hall,
2 Geo. Morrison Coates,	14 Chs. H. Shriner,
	15 Jno. Wister,
3 Henry Bumm,	16 D. M'Conaughy
4 Wm. H. Kern,	17 D. W. Woods,
5 B. H. Jenks,	18 Isaac Benson,
6 Chas. M. Runk,	19 John Patton,
7 Robt. Parke,	20 S. B. Dick,
8 Aaron Mull,	21 Ev. Bierer,
9 J. A. Hiestand,	22 Jno. P. Penney
10 R. H. Coryell,	23 Eb. M'Junkin,
11 Ed. Halliday,	24 J. W. Blanch'rd
12 Chas. F. Reed.	

Union County Convention.

The Union delegate county Convention which assembled in this place on Wednesday last, was one of the fullest and strongest we have seen for years. Other important matter compels us to cut down the proceedings to as small a space as possible.

The Convention met for the purpose of selecting a delegate to represent the Union party of this Congressional District in the Baltimore Convention in June. After an organization the Convention took a ballot which resulted as follows: R. B. Wigton 35 votes, H. S. Wharton 29 votes; Mr. Wigton was declared the choice of this county and was granted the privilege of appointing his own conferees.

By a unanimous vote, the Delegate was instructed to vote morning, noon and night, and all the time, for Abraham Lincoln for President, and he was also instructed to support A. G. Curtin for Vice President.

The following resolutions were then offered and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the present County Committee be continued by this Convention until the next Convention assembles.

Resolved, That this Convention instruct the Chairman of the County Committee to request the people to assemble at their usual places of holding delegate elections, and elect delegates to a Convention to be held at Huntingdon on Tuesday the 14th day of June next, for the purpose of putting in nomination a county ticket and to elect Congressional, Senatorial and Legislative conferees.

The Convention then adjourned.

An Example for Democratic Croakers.

Washington Irving was a Federalist, and opposed in politics to James Madison. But he was a patriot, could permit love of country to rise above love of party, and could rebuke those of his party who would not. His fame is none the worse for it. Democrats of the present day will not regret that they have risen above party, and opposed leaders who now sneer at "Abe Lincoln" whenever there is a Union disaster, just as their prototypes did at "Jimmy Madison" in the war of 1812, when there was a British success.

We have been led to these remarks from hearing a few days since, the descendant of an old Federalist, now transformed into a first rate, modern Vallandigham Democrat, sneer at "Abe Lincoln" and "this nigger war" when news of the Red River and Plymouth disasters came. He was merely the echo of a larger class who are disgracing the name of Democrat, and to put such men in contrast with true patriots we extract the following from the recently published life of Washington Irving, and commend the example to the sober consideration of all true DEMOCRATS:

"In his biographical sketch of Perry, published in the Analectic Magazine, he writes:

"Whatever we may think of the expediency or inexpediency of the present war, we cannot feel indifferent to its operations. Whenever our arms come in competition with the enemy, jealousy for our country's honor will swallow up every other consideration—our feelings will ever accompany the flag of our country to battle, rejoicing in its glory, lamenting over its defeat. For there is no such thing as releasing ourselves from the consequences of the contest. He who fancies he can stand aloof in interest, and by condemning the present war, can exonerate himself from the shame of its disasters, is wofully mistaken. Other nations will not trouble themselves about our internal wranglings and party questions; they will not ask who among us fought, or why we fought, but *how* we fought. The disgrace of defeat will not be confined to the contrivers of the war, or the party in power, or the conductors of the battle; but will extend to the whole nation, and come home to every individual. If the name of American is to be rendered honorable in the fight, we shall each participate in the honor; if otherwise, we must inevitably support our share of the ignominy.

"With such sentiments, watching with mingled pride and sorrow the alternations of defeat and success, it may be imagined with what a feeling of outraged patriotism he heard of the triumphant entry of the British into Washington, and the acts of uncivilized hostility which followed.

"He was descending the Hudson in the steamboat when the tidings first reached him. It was night, and the passengers had betaken themselves to their settees to rest, when a person came on board at Poughkeepsie with the news of the inglorious triumph, and proceeded in the darkness of the cabin to relate the particulars; the destruction of the President's house, the Treasury, War, and Navy offices; the Capitol, the depository of the national library and public records. There was a momentary pause after the speaker had ceased, when some paltry spirit lifted his head from his settee, and in a tone of complacent derision 'wondered what *Jimmy* Madison would say now.' 'Sir,' said Mr. Irving, glad of an escape to his swelling indignation, 'do you seize on such a disaster only for a sneer? Let me tell you, sir, it is not now a question about *Jimmy* Madison, or *Jimmy* Armstrong. The pride and honor of the nation are wounded; the country is insulted and disgraced by this barbarous success, and every loyal citizen would feel the ignominy and be earnest to avenge it.' 'I could not see the fellow,' said Mr. Irving, when he related the anecdote to me, 'but I let fly at him in the dark.' A murmur of approbation followed the outburst, and then every ear was listening for the reply, but the energy of the rebuke had cowed the spokesman, for he did not again raise his voice."

That was well said, and every so-called Democrat, who is imitating that "party spirit," during this more vital struggle, deserves to have it "let fly at him" in the same manner.

Separation or Submission.

Gen. Sickles made a lengthy and able speech at Chicago while passing through that city, a few days since, from which we make the following eloquent and striking quotation:

Separation! my countrymen, separation is war—endless war, and the decline and fall of the Republic. Peace! union is peace; union is the perpetuation of our free institutions; union makes us one as a Republic, one as Americans. This peace, this union, we all hoped in the earlier days of the war would be possible through the return of reason to the South, through a perception of the impossibility and recklessness of resisting the United States, that would compel submission to the lawful authority of the United States Government. These hopes, however, proved illusive. The peace! What is it? It is said we are exacting submission. Submission to what? To the Constitution of the United States—submission to the constitutionally expressed will of the majority of the people of the United States—submission to the Government that up to the moment when this rebellion drew its sword and fired its first gun had never inflicted a grievance upon any man south of Mason and Dixon's line. [Cheering.] Submission? Yes. To what? To a Government that the statesmen south of Mason and Dixon's line were conspicuous in influencing and in forming, and conducting and ruling down to the hour of the rebellion.

When do we hear from the South a word about peace except it is accompanied by the condition of separation? To the honor of the North be it said, that few, very few, are so lost to what is due to their country as to tolerate the idea of seperation and peace. [Applause.] The armies of the Union that are in the front to-day were not summoned to the field for any such degradation as that. (Loud cheering) I would not envy the fate of that statesman, the leader of that party who would, if they had the power, make a peace which involved the separation of these United States, when that gallant army came home to confront such traitors.

"Now and for the future, the only peace that is possible, is the peace that is to be conquered. (Cheering.) It is a peace to be won and preserved by battalions, by skillful generals, by wise statesmen, by the constant, steadfast, loyal people; that peace will be honorable, it will be permanent; that peace will give to us a republic which our fathers intended we should have, a republic altogether wholly and forever free."

TREASON IN PENNSYLVANIA.—The Selinsgrove *Times* of Friday publishes Long's infamous speech with the following editorial recommendation.

"Nothing can better repay the reader than an attentive perusal of Mr. Long's speech. We endorse every word of it, and more too. Mr. Long is a true patriot and statesman."

The same papers contains the following remarks, which entitle the editor to arrest:

"The Yankees at Memphis are very severe on the rebel ladies, and won't allow them to wear their rebel badges. But they finally managed to outwit the Puritan nigger worshippers by quitting to wear hoops. By this sign they all knew each other. Good for them."

A Pennsylvania newspaper has no *right* to publish treason.

The Monroe Doctrine.

The recent action of Congress in reference to the attempt of certain European powers to gain footholds on this hemisphere, has excited the inquiry of the general reader as to the real meaning of the Monroe doctrine. The following extract from President Monroe's annual message of December 2d, 1823, contains the assertion of that policy in reference to the extension in America of the monarchical system of government, since known as "The Monroe Doctrine:"

Extract from President Monroe's Annual Message, Dec. 2, 1823.

"The political system of the allied Powers is essentially different in this respect from that of America. This difference proceeds from that which exists in their respective Governments. And to the defence of our own, which has been achieved by the loss of so much blood and treasure, and matured by the wisdom of our most enlightened citizens, and under which we have enjoyed unexampled facility, this whole nation is devoted. We owe it, therefore, to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers, to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part *to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere*, as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European Power, we have not interfered, and shall not interfere. But with the Governments who have declared their independence and maintained it, and whose independence we have, on great considerations, and on just principles, acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them, or controlling in any manner their destiny, by any European Power, in any other light than as the manifestation of unfriendly disposition towards the United States."

AN IMPORTANT ACT.

An Act imposing additional taxes for State purposes, and to abolish the Revenue Board.

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That in addition to the taxes now imposed by law, hereafter every railroad, steamboat, canal, slack-water navigation, or other transportation company doing business within this Commonwealth, shall, by its president, treasurer, cashier or other financial officer, make quarterly returns to the Auditor General, commencing upon the first day of July next. Said returns shall be made within thirty days after the termination of each quarter, under oath or affirmation, and shall fully and particularly state the entire number of tons of freight traffic carried or moved by said company or corporation during the three months ending on the first day of that month; and said company or corporation owning or managing said railroad, steamboat, canal, slackwater navigation, or other transportation company, shall pay to the State Treasurer, for the use of the Commonwealth, the following taxes, to wit: Upon all tonnage carried upon or over their respective lines of transportation to be graduated as follows: First, upon the products of mines, for each ton of two thousand pounds, two cents. Second, upon the products of the forest, on animal or vegetable food, and all the other agricultural products, three cents. Third upon merchandise, manufactures and all other articles, five cents. In all cases where the same freight is transported over different but continuous lines of transportation, then the tax hereby imposed shall be paid by the several corporations carrying the same each in proportion to the distance carried, as may be adjusted among themselves; the State Treasurer being and he is hereby authorized to collect the whole of said tax from either of the companies carrying the freight as he may select; *Provided*, That freight shipped through and over one or several lines of transportation, shall be chargeable with but one tax as aforesaid.

Sec. 2. That every private banker and broker, and every incorporated and unincorporated banking and saving institution, and deposit and trust company, every gas company, express company, bridge company, insurance company, building and land associations, manufacturing, mechanical, mining and quarrying company, and all other companies and corporations doing business in this Commonwealth, except those specified in the first section of this act, not paying a tax to the State upon dividends under existing laws, shall annually, upon the first day of November of each year, make a report to the Auditor General, under oath or affirmation, setting forth the amount of net earnings or income received by said individuals or corporations from all sources during the preceding year; and upon such net earnings or income, the said individuals or corporation, as the case may be, shall pay to the treasurer, for the use of the State, within sixty days thereafter, three per centum upon such annual net earnings or income, in addition to the taxes now imposed by existing laws: *Provided*, That institutions, individuals or corporations paying under this section are not to be also taxed under the act of the sixteenth of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty one, relative to private bankers and brokers, and the act of the ninth of April, A. D. 1856, and first of May, A. D. 1861, except so far as the licenses therein required relative to foreign insurance companies: *Provided further*, That any corporation which has failed to make returns to the Commonwealth, as required by the act of April twenty first, A. D. 1858, entitled An act for the better securing to the Commonwealth the payment of taxes due by incorporated companies, may make such return within sixty days after the passage of this act, any law to the contrary notwithstanding; and all delinquent companies failing or refusing to make full returns and payment to the State, as required by the general laws of this Commonwealth in relation thereto, shall have all their rights and privileges declared forfeited by proclamation from the Governor.

Sec. 3. That every president, treasurer, cashier or other officer of any company incorporated, or that may hereafter be incorporated, which pays interest to its depositors, bond holders or other creditors, upon which, by the laws of the Commonwealth, a State tax is imposed, shall, before payment of the same, retain from said depositors, bondholders or creditors the amount of State tax imposed by existing laws, and shall pay over the same to the State Treasurer; and that all the laws regulating the mode of such payment in regard to treasurers of counties, cities and boroughs be and the same are hereby extended to the financial officers thereof; and they are hereby required to collect and pay over the taxes due to the State on such payment of interest, as provided in this section, to be done by officers of incorporated companies; and in case of any officer neglecting or refusing to retain the same, he shall become personally liable for the amount.

Sec. 4. That the treasurer of each county and city, the burgess or other chief officer of each incorporated district or borough of this Commonwealth within ninety days after the passage of this act, shall make return, under oath or affirmation, to the Auditor General, of the amount of scrip, bonds or certificates of indebtedness outstanding by said county, city, district, borough or incorporation, as the same existed on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty four, and of each succeeding year thereafter, together with the rates of interest thereon at each of those periods, under the penalty of five thousand dollars, the amount to be settled by the Auditor General, and the amount thereof sued for and collected as debts due by defaulting public officers are collected: *Provided*, That on the receipt of said returns the Auditor General shall proceed to settle the accounts of each county, city and borough with the Commonwealth, fix the State tax due and unpaid, and transmit notice of the amount by mail to officers making said returns; and if the amount so found due shall not be paid within sixty days, the Attorney General shall sue and collect the same, with interest from the date of such settlement; and hereafter it shall be the duty of the treasurer of every county, city, borough and incorporated district in this Commonwealth to deduct the said State tax, or dividend on payment of any interest on debts due by the county, city, borough or incorporated district, and pay the same over to the State Treasurer within thirty days after the said interest or dividend has fallen due.

Sec. 5. That in case any officers of any corporation, or any person or persons required by this act to make return under oath or affirmation, shall falsely make such return, he or they shall on conviction thereof, be held guilty of perjury; and in case he or they neglect and refuse to make any return required by this act, he or they shall be liable to the Commonwealth for a penalty of five thousand dollars for every such neglect, to be sued for as other penalties now are; and if the said corporation, or company upon notice given, persists in its refusal to make return and pay over the tax hereby imposed, it shall be liable to an additional tax of one per centum upon the amount of its gross receipts; and that the Auditor General and State Treasurer, or any agent appointed by them, are hereby authorized to examine the books and papers of any corporation, company, individual or individuals, to verify the accuracy of any return made to them, or either of them.

Sec. 6. That every incorporated company whose lines extend into any other States, and every corporation created under the laws of any other State, and holding and enjoying any franchises, property, railroad, canal work or privilege whatsoever, within this State, shall make the same returns in regard to the tonnage of such portions of their lines as lie within this State, as if the whole was within; and if any president, treasurer or other financial officer required to make returns shall, after demand for thirty days, still neglect and refuse to make the returns or pay over the amount of such tax, the same shall be handed over to the Attorney General, who shall forthwith institute proceedings to annul the corporate franchises of such company or corporation within this State.

Sec. 7. That so much of the forty second section of the act approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty four, as provides for the abatement of five per centum on the amount of State taxes paid fifteen days prior to the first of September, in any year, be and the same is hereby repealed; and hereafter it shall be the duty of the Auditor General to add five per centum penalty to each county, on all State taxes remaining unpaid on the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty five, and of each year thereafter, which shall be charged in the duplicate against each delinquent tax payer in arrears on and after said day. That in addition to the taxes already imposed by law, all persons appointed to an office by the Governor or elected under the provision of any law of this Commonwealth, the gross receipts of whose office shall exceed six hundred dollars and not exceed twelve hundred dollars, shall pay into the treasury of the State a tax of one per centum; and on all amounts over twelve hundred dollars and not exceeding twenty five hundred dollars, two per centum; and on all amounts exceeding twenty five hundred dollars, five per centum annually: Provided, That the revenue derived from this act shall, so far as necessary, be first applicable to the payment of the ordinary expenses of Government; and the residue not needed for such purposes shall be transferred to the sinking fund, as directed by the act of the twenty second day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty eight.

Sec. 8. That so much of the act to reduce the State debt and incorporate the Pennsylvania railroad company, approved twenty ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty four, and the several supplements thereto, requiring the appointment of revenue commissioners from the several judicial districts of the State, be and are hereby repealed; and that all the powers granted to the said board, and the duties enjoined thereupon, shall hereafter be vested in a State board, to consist of the Auditor General, the State Treasurer, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and that all acts of Assembly inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker House of Representatives.
JOHN PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the 30th day of April, A D, 1864. A. G. CURTIN.

U. S. REVENUE STAMPS.—Persons in want of these stamps can get them at Lewis' Book Store. Orders by mail will receive attention.

Spectacles.

A fine stock of Spectacles just received and for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

WAR FOR THE UNION.

From the Army of the Potomac.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

Great Victory!

Lee hears Thunder all Around!

GRANT VICTORIOUS!

Good News from Chattanooga.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The *Republican* has the following:

The government has information this morning, whether from official sources or other we are unable to learn positively at the moment of going to press, that on Wednesday at daylight Gen. Grant's whole army was entirely across the Rapidan; it marched to a plain a little beyond and near the old Charcellorville battle-ground, when Lee was forced out of his works and offered battle, which was at once accepted. The fight became fierce and lasted until dark, the enemy being forced back some distance, with great loss, leaving most of his killed and wounded in our hands.

The two armies lay on their arms all night Wednesday, and at daylight on Thursday the battle opened again and raged with the greatest fury on both sides until dark, when it was found that the enemy had been forced back in the two day's fight about two miles and a half, leaving heaps of dying, killed and wounded on the field, to be buried and taken care of by our troops.

We have heard various estimates made of the number slaughtered, but at this moment it is useless to speculate on the subject. Every one knows that it must have been terrible, and will speak to the senses when the facts are known!

On Friday morning at five o'clock the forces were marching for another conflict, General Grant moving on Lee's works.

Up to this time General Burnside's corps, numbering thirty thousand men, had taken no part in the battles, but at half-past five were marching into position to engage in the bloody contest of the third day's battle and of the result of this days fight, we have no report up to the moment of going to press.

The battle commenced at six o'clock in the morning. Unless Lee received reinforcements equal to Burnside's corps, the battle of Friday must have proved terribly disastrous to him.

The fact that we have received no news of yesterday's fighting leads to the belief that Lee is endeavoring to get away to Richmond and Grant is in pursuit.

It is evident that the rebel forces about Richmond cannot be spared to reinforce General Lee, as they have discovered ere this that they have enough to attend to these, probably from two attacks upon the city by General Butler's force.

WASHINGTON, May 8, Noon.

Up to one o'clock this (Sunday) morning no reports had been received at the War Department from the Army of the Potomac of operations later than Thursday night.

Gen. Burnside had at that time formed a junction by a forced march from Manassas, with Gen. Meade's army.

On Thursday vigorous efforts were made by the rebels to break General Meade's line and separate his corps For this purpose the rebel forces were massed and under command of the celebrated General Longstreet, endeavored to penetrate between the centre, held by Gen. Warren, at the wilderness, and the right wing, commanded by Gen. Sedgwick, and resting on Germania ford.—Failing in this, Hill's corps, under command of Gen. A. P. Hill, the strongest in the rebel army, was further strengthened by a portion of Ewell's corps, tried to break thro' between Warren's centre and left wing, commanded by Gen. Hancock. But this effort was abortive.

The New York cavalry were pushed forward towards Orange C. H., but were forced back with heavy loss.

On Thursday night the position of the Army of the Potomac remained as it had been during the day.

In these operations not more than one half of our arms was engaged, but our loss is reported to have been severe.

Among the casualties the country will regret the death of Gen. Alexander Hays, of Pittsburg, Pa. He held the position which bore the brunt of Gen. A. P. Hill's attack, and fell at the head of his command, just at the moment that support had been ordered forwarded to assist him.

A great many other officers are wounded, &c., but the details have not been received.

Gen. Siegel with his force occupies the Shennandoah Valley, and is in position to threaten the enemy from that quarter, and co-operate with General Grant as circumstances may require.

WASHINGTON, May 8—12 o'clock.

News has been received from the front.

The report sent yesterday is substantially correct.

The Chief Quartermaster has issued a requisition for grain. This imports an advance by Gen. Grant.

We have lost from 6,000 to 8,000 in killed and wounded. They are on their way to Washington.

The whole city is jubilant, and no one here questions that a great victory has been achieved.

Gen. Ingall says we have fought for three days.

The enemy are reported to be retreating.

The enemy has been completely foiled.—They expected to drive back General Grant before his plans could be developed.

Lee has been forced to give way.

The tactics of the enemy have uniformly been to strike his heaviest blow at the outset.

To this their success has always been owing. This has now failed.

During the present war, as in other instances, a baffled and retiring army soon becomes disorganized.

No reason is perceived why this result will not happen to Lee.

Lee was driven back 3 miles, leaving 3,000 killed and about 10,000 wounded upon the field.

Grant is master of the field. Lee is in full retreat. Grant is in hot pursuit.

This is official.

Lee is believed to be falling back by the way of Orange Court House.

The Peninsula news is glorious. Sherman is victorious. Butler is at City Point, six miles from Richmond.

Sheridan pitched into Stuarts's cavalry scattering it to the wind.

Reports from the West are still more favorable.

NEW YORK, May 8.

The steamer Western Metropolis, from Fortress Monroe, on the 7th, reports that on the 5th inst, the 1st and 2d regiments of colored cavalry, under Col. West, made a dash across the Chickahominy river, and two companies dismounted, charged into the camp of the 46th Virginia cavalry killing 30 men and capturing as many horses.

The horses were immediately mounted by our troops who pursued the rebels to within ten miles of Richmond.

On the 6th inst. our forces who had landed at City Point marched on Petersburg, when the enemy immediately set fire to the *town and abandoned it*.

NEW YORK, May 7.

Private letters from Chattanooga affirm positively that Sherman's armies would move on the 2d inst. His force is large and in the best spirits.

Private letters from Ball's Gap, Tenn., on the 27th ult., announce the destruction of the East Tennessee and Virginia railroad, for a distance of 15 miles between Lick Creek and Greenville, Tenn., by a brigade of troops belonging to Gen. Cox's command. Every bridge and railroad tie in the whole extent of 15 miles was burned, and the rails bent, and the road in such condition that it cannot be repaired for a month.

Another expedition left Ball's Gap on the 24th ult., to destroy the railroad over Watauga river, 54 miles distant from the Gap. Our forces had a fight during the movement with a body of the enemy under Mudwall Jackson, completely routing him. On their return our troops burned all the bridges and tore up the entire track at all points within their reach.

NEW YORK, May 8—11 P. M.

The *Tribune* special says news has been received by the Government that Gen. Sherman is fighting his way through Tunnel Hill successfully, and falling upon Dalton. The enemy is falling back, leaving his dead and wounded in our hands.

LATEST NEWS.

GRANT ON TO RICHMOND!

Washington, May 9th—Dispatches from Lieut Gen Grant have just been received by the War department. Our army was in full pursuit of the enemy towards Richmond. We have 2,000 prisoners. Our forces occupied Fredericksburg at 8 o'clock last night.

The Hospital for our wounded is established there. Supplies, nurses, physicians and attendants have been ready for 2 days and have gone forward.

The number of wounded is estimated at about twelve thousand.

Washington, May 9.—In the Senate, this afternoon, Mr. Collamer read a telegram from the Secretary of War as follows:—Dispatches have been received from Genl Grant and General Meade; they were on to Richmond.

Lee is in full retreat, with Generals Sedgwick, Hancock, Burnside and Warren close on his heels.

To Major General Dix, New York:

4:15 P M—A bearer of dispatches from General Meade's headquarters has just reached here. He states that Lee's army commenced falling back on the night of Friday, and our army commenced the pursuit on Saturday morning.

The rebels are in full retreat for Richmond by the direct road.

General Hancock passed through Spottsylvania Court House at daylight yesterday. His headquarters at noon yesterday were twenty miles South of the battle field.

We occupy Fredericksburg.

The Twenty second New York Cavalry held that place at eight o'clock last night. The depot for our wounded is established at Fredericksburg

(Signed) EDWIN M. STANTON
EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, May 9, 1864.

Friends of Union and Liberty!

Enough is known of the Army operations within the last five days to claim our especial gratitude to God, while what remains undone demands our most sincere prayers and reliance upon Him, without whom all human effort is vain. I recommend that all patriots at their homes, in their places of public worship, and wherever they may be, unite in common thanksgiving and prayer to Almighty God.

[Signed] ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

HARDWARE
AND
CUTLERY!

AN
IMMENSE STOCK
AND
ENDLESS VARIETY
OF
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.
NOW OPEN
AND FOR SALE BY
JAS. A. BROWN,
HUNTINGDON, PENNA.
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
Apl 13, 1864

REMOVAL.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

GEORGE SHAEFFER respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally that he has removed to opposite Brown's Hardware Store, where he has opened a

NEW STOCK OF
Boots and Shoes,

and is prepared to accommodate everybody with good articles at reasonable prices.
He also continues to manufacture to order all kinds of boots and shoes.
Huntingdon, April 13, 1864.

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

1864. 1864.
CLOTHING.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.
For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.
Huntingdon, April 27 '64.

NEW STOCK OF GOODS.
EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AT
S. S. SMITH'S STORE,
ON HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PENNA.
THE BEST
SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,
and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store
ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine, Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
and a large number of articles too numerous to mention. The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.
Huntingdon, April 27 '64. S. S. SMITH.

NEW CLOTHING
AT LOW PRICES.
M. CUTMAN
HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING,
Which he offers to all who want to be
CLOTHED,
AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for
MEN AND BOYS,
ALSO,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.
Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.
Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.
MANUAL GUTMAN.
Huntingdon, April 27 '64.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
25 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!
SIMON COHN,
AT COFFEE RUN STATION,
Would respectfully call the attention of his old patrons specially, and the public in general, to his extensive stock of well selected new Goods, just received from the Eastern cities, consisting, in part, of
Dry Goods,
Clothing, Woolen Ware, Notions,
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Circulars, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Wood and Willow-ware, Tobacco, Segars, Nails, Glass, Provisions, Oil, Fish, Salt, Tinware, Copper Ware, Drugs and Medicines, Clocks, Watches, &c.,
and all other articles kept in a first class country store; all selected with the greatest care and which were purchased for cash only, and affords him to sell them at a very low figure. The public will find it to their advantage to call and examine our unsurpassed stock, before purchasing elsewhere. No pains will be spared in showing our Goods. Ladies are specially invited to examine our large stock of fashionable dress goods; Shawls, Circulars, Furs, and a great variety of Woolen Goods, Hosiery, &c.
All kinds of produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices—Cash not refused. By strict attention to the wants of customers, we hope to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which we have been heretofore favored. Come one and all, and PAY.
☞ New Goods received daily.
ap16,1864 SIMON COHN.

BIRNBAUM'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,
ON HILL STREET,
A few doors west of Lewis' Book Store,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Photographs and Ambrotypes Taken in the Best Style.
☞ CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!
INSURE YOUR PROPERTY in the
Lycoming County Mutual Insurance Company,
It being the best conducted and safest Company in the State. Their capital is over 2,000,000 Dollars, and have a perpetual charter, and now over twenty-three years in operation, and during that time have paid over $1,000,000 for damages done by fire, without being one dollar in debt. The company continues to insure all kinds of property from loss by fire for five years with a premium note—Also insure property, goods, &c., &c., for three, six, nine, and twelve months, and for two or three years without a premium note and without assessments, and at a lower rate than any other company. Please give the undersigned a call, who has been agent of the company over twenty years. DAVID SNARE, Agent.
Huntingdon, April 27-1m*

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron
Manufactory
HUNTINGDON, PA.
THE subscribers inform the public generally, that they have leased from Mr. Benjamin Grafius his tin shop, in the borough of Huntingdon, where they intend to keep constantly on hand a general assortment of
Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware,
which they will sell wholesale and retail.
Spouting and Tin Roofing done on short notice.
They will also keep on hand a general assortment of Pittsburg and Philadelphia
Gas Consuming Cook and Parlor Stoves
Odd plates furnished for stoves; Fire Brick, &c., Copper, Brass and Iron Kettles on hand. Extra Stove Polish, Stove Brushes, &c.
☞ Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, and Rags, taken in exchange.
april19-6m. W. S. WALKER & BRO.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
NEW GOODS.
D. P. GWIN
INFORMS THE PUBLIC
THAT HE HAS
JUST OPENED
A
SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS
THAT
CAN'T BE BEAT
IN
CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.
COME AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN.
April 27, '64.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to opposite the store of D. P. Gwin, in the square, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.
April 13, 1864.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, May 11, 1864.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

Serious and Fatal Accident.

A Child Burned.—The Franklin House in this place was the scene of a terrible disaster on Tuesday last. A child named Harry Johnson, aged about 18 months, and youngest child of Mr. Johnson, clerk in the store of Lloyd & Henry, whilst left to itself in one of the upper rooms of the Hotel, had, by some mishap, (the particulars of which are not known,) communicated fire from the stove, it is supposed, to its clothing, and was immediately wrapped in flames. The mother, who had been in the dining room, upon coming to her room was surprised and horror stricken to find her child in this condition, and, with the assistance of others, drawn to the spot to ascertain the cause of the smoke issuing from the window of the room, endeavored to extinguish the flames, which they did, alas, but too late, for, it is supposed, the child's clothes were burning for some time, and had consumed the greater portion of them, the fire having communicated to the body, burning it severely in several places, and some of the flames it is believed, had been inhaled by the child, which tended to cause its death, after painful suffering, at two o'clock the next morning.

It was buried on Thursday last, and followed to the cemetery by many of the sympathizing friends of the bereaved.

This accident is a caution to mothers not to leave their helpless little ones, under any circumstance, in any place of danger, but to always keep a watchful eye on their curious actions; for if you do not, you may have to bitterly rue the consequences of your neglect.

A. W. Benedict, Esq., Cased.

The Legislature adjourned on Thursday last, to meet again in August. An hour previous to the adjournment, Mr. Benedict and other officers were presented with gold headed canes by the members who claim to be Democrats. Mr. Benedict has made a very popular Chief Clerk—all parties in the House agreed that his place could not be filled by a better man. We shall find room in our next issue for the remarks of the gentleman presenting the cane and Mr. Benedict's reply.

The Draft in the County.

Mr. H. G. Fisher furnishes us with the following information which he obtained at the Provost Marshal's Office last week:

	Excess.	Deficiency.
Huntingdon bor.	47	
Oneida township	4	
Union "	5	
Brady "	just full	
Cass "	just full	
Henderson "		7
Hopewell "		6
Walker "		4
Porter "		22
West and Petersburg		24
Warriorsmark township		21
Penn "		2
Juniata "		4
Tod "		4
Franklin "		9
Carbon "		131
Morris "		6
Jackson "		24
Barree "		21
Birmingham borough		4
Springfield township		12
Clay "		18
Cromwell, and Orbisonia		22
Shirleysburg borough		9
Shirley township		23
Tell "		23
Dublin "		20

This makes a deficiency of 423 in the county under the three calls for 700,000 men. There will be a credit given for about 200 men, our proportion of veterans credited to the State at large, leaving about 250 men to be drafted; each township will receive a pro rata credit of these 200 men, lessening the above deficiencies proportionately. The Board will receive volunteers up to day of draft, and credit them to the respective townships.

Borough Officers.

The borough fathers, at a meeting on Friday evening last, elected the following gentlemen to serve the ensuing year: Borough Treasurer, W. A. Saxton; Town Clerk, Peter C. Swoope; Street Commissioner, John C. Miller.

The Draft.

We present our readers with a correct report of the excess and deficiencies of quota in the different boroughs and townships of this county, obtained from the office of the Provost Marshal Many of the townships which worked with energy to free themselves from the uncertainty and dread occasioned by the draft, have, nevertheless, not even filled up their quota, but are on the deficient list. As volunteers will be received up to the day of draft, they have still an oportunity to show their patriotism and avoid the drafting of any of their citizens. But, alas for those townships which have shown themselves indifferent as to whether the draft came on or not. How do they feel, with the fact glaring them in the face that the draft will come Their quota, must seem large, but, notwithstanding it must be filled. Such is the fruit of procrastination, and of an unpatriotic spirit. We do not think that these townships will be so unwise, after all the lesson of experience taught, as to resist, the draft; but we will say they are most heartily opposed to its enforcement, and dread it with a horror indescribable.

For Rent.

The rooms on Railroad street opposite the Exchange Hotel, lately occupied by Dr. Green. Inquire on the premises. tf.

New Goods.

Wm. March & Bro., of Marklesburg have just returned from the east with a large stock of new goods, which they are prepared to sell five and ten per cent cheaper than the same goods can be bought at any other place. They have also a car load of fish of the best, they want the people to call and examine. They return thanks for the liberal patronage they have received, and they respectfully ask everybody to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, as bargains can be had at their establishment.

MARCH & BRO.

Marklesburg, May 10, 1864.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
17th Dist., Penna.
HOLLIDAYSBURG, May 2, 1864,

Committees of sub-districts are requested to present their claims for all credits of enlisted men except veterans re-enlisted in the field, or men enlisted at their office, immediately either at the Provost Marshal's office in this place, or Provost Marshal General's office, Harrisburg.

ALEX. M. LLOYD,
Capt. Pro. Mar.

To the Farmers of Huntingdon Co.

We have been requested to give the subjoined letter an insertion in our columns, and to announce the accompanying names as the county committee:

WEST PENN SQUARE,
PHILADELPHIA, March 18th, 1864.

To Hon. S. Miles Green, Barree Forge, Huntingdon County, Pa.

DEAR SIR:—Agreeably to the authority vested in me by the Executive Committee of the Great Central Fair in aid of the United States Sanitary Commission, I have appointed you Chairman of the Huntingdon Co. Committee on Agriculture, of said Fair, which appointment I am happy to state, has been approved by the general Committee on Agriculture here. Upon this Committee has been devolved the duty of communicating with the Agriculturists of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, of systematising their efforts and soliciting their contributions in behalf of the Fair, and of facilitating the transportation of those contributions hither. The objects of the Sanitary Commission, and of the Fair, are set forth in the Circular of the Executive Committee, a copy of which is annexed. These objects, I cannot doubt, meet with your entire approval, and will enlist your active and zealous co operation.

Permit me, therefore, respectfully to suggest, that you cause the fact of your appointment to be noticed in one or more of your county newspapers, and a copy of a paper containing the notice to be mailed to me—that you, at the earliest practicable moment, constitute ten active and influential ladies and gentlemen of your county—say five of each—a County Committee of which you will be the Chairman—that this Committee, in turn, appoints a responsible and energetic Committee in each township, to solicit therein contributions of the Products of the Farm, and of the Farmer's Household to be exhibited and disposed of at the Fair, which will be held in this city early in June next.

You will please to consider yourself empowered to adopt such other measures within your county as may be well calculated to advance the cause in hand; reporting to me promptly, the names of the members of your county Committee, and from time to time, the progress you are making.

Very respectfully, your obedient serv't
ALFRED S. KENNEDY,
Chairman of Com., on Agriculture.

In forwarding contributions, please observe the following directions:

1st. Let each box, parcel, package or animal, have attached your name and county, and be distinctly marked thus:

To ALFRED KENNEDY, M. D.,
Chairman of Com., on Agriculture,
Great Central Fair Warehouse,
Philadelphia.

2d. Send by Express or railroad Company, or by private hand, but do not prepay charges.

3d. Mail to me the bill of lading or receipt from the Express or Railroad Company, and also a list of articles and of the donor's names.

4th. Let each contribution, be labelled or marked with its reasonable value.

5th. Let every box, parcel or package be well and securely put up, and the contents carefully marked.

On receipt of each box, parcel, package or animal, a proper acknowledgment will be sent, duly attested.

Committee for Huntingdon County.

Franklin, Hon. J. McWilliams, Mrs. Hays Hamilton.
Porter, Samuel Hatfield, jr., Mrs. Mary Neff;
West, Wm. McClure, Mrs. Dr. Orlady.
Barree, T. P. Love, Mrs. E. Waters.
Jackson, James N. Lee. Dr. M. Miller.
Warriorsmark, Hon. B. F. Patton.
Birmingham, D. R. Thompson.
Morris, Perry Moore.
Walker, Livingston Robb.
Penn, Dr. J. H. Wintrode.
Hopewell, John W. Lytle.
Carbon, Levi Evans, Esq., J. W. Ammerman.
Tod, Isaac Taylor.
Cass and Cassville, Christian Miller, Mrs. D. Clarkson.
Union, J. Beaman.
Clay, R. L. Green, Mrs. R. Ashman.
Springfield, C. M. Utley.
Dublin, Rev. G. Van Artsdalen.
Tell, A. C. Blair.
Cromwell, D. M. Giles, D. Hileman.
Shirleysburg, Hon. W. B. Leas, Mrs. F. H. Lane.
Mount Union, P. M. Bare.
Brady, J. M. Stonebraker.
Henderson, John Fleemer.
Oneida, Jacob Miller.
Juniata, Wm. B. White.
Huntingdon, R. McDivitt, T. H. Cremer, Mrs. D. Blair, Miss Ellen Gregg.

All boxes, parcels, packages, &c., may be directed to the care of Robert McDivitt or T. H. Cremer, Huntingdon, labelled or marked as above, and will be promptly forwarded.

S. MILES GREEN,
Chairman Huntingdon Co. Committee on Agrioulture.

☞ Preaching in the Lutheran Church in this place on Sunday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock.

TO FARMERS.

THE WALKER HORSE RAKE is acknowledged to be the

Neatest, Simplest, Cheapest, and most Efficient Rake now in use.

Any boy of ten years old can work it; will not get out of order, and gives universal satisfaction. Warranted in every particular, and it can be had six to eight dollars lower than any spring tooth Horse Rake now in use.

For further information apply to the manufacturer,
D. D. ESHELMAN,
ap20-3m Shirleysburg, Huntingdon co., Pa.

Lines on the Death of Charles Johnson.

AIR—THE DYING CHILD TO ITS MOTHER.

I am going now to die, mother,
And leave you all behind;
"God is too wise to err, mother,
Too good to be unkind."

I am going home now, mother,
In heaven, there to stay;
You'll meet me in that land, mother,
When you are called away.

Repented of my sins, mother,
Some two or three years ago;
I knew that it was right, mother,
For Jesus has said so.

Unless you do a child become,
You cannot enter heaven.
Going now to my happy home,
And live there forgiven. ***

Great Central Fair.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT,
Philadelphia, April 1, 1864.
S. E. corner Sixth & Walnut sts.

To Robert M'Divitt, Esq.

The Executive Committee of the Great Central Fair, in aid of the United States Sanitary Commission, has empowered me to appoint such Committees as I may deem judicious, in order to enlist the active co-operation of all pupils in the Private and Public Schools of the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, in the collection or preparation of articles for sale, or for Soldiers' or Seamen's use, to be exhibited or disposed of at the Great Central Fair, to be held early in June next, in this City. Pursuant to the duty thus devolved upon me, I have appointed you as one of that Committee to represent your County, in the Public School Department. If you see fit to extend your exertions beyond this special appointment, the greater will be the good produced.

Allow me, earnestly, to entreat that you present this subject to the attention of all pupils in anywise within the scope of your jurisdiction or influence, bearing in mind, that the cause in hand is to aid those brave men who have left their homes and families and gone forth to endure the perils and privations of a soldier's life, that we might be protected in our properties and lives, and that our National existence might be preserved.

You are empowered to take such measures within your County as you may think best calculated to secure activity of pupils in the cause, reporting to me, from time to time, your success—and here let me suggest that it the head of each school was specially designated by you as one of your Committee, to have the immediate supervision of the same, it would contribute largely to success.—Whenever a box or package is ready, let it be forwarded according to the directions herein given.

Please cause the circular on this sheet to be read in all your schools, and do me the favor to acknowledge the receipt of this letter.

I am, very respectfully, yours, &c.,
ED. SHIPPEN,
Chairman of Committee on P. & P. S.

In pursuance of the above appointment the undersigned would suggest to the teachers and pupils of the Schools in this County, Public and private, not only the propriety but the duty of engaging at once in this great work of intelligent patriotism, and Christian charity by contributing something for the relief and comfort of the gallant men now battling for the defence not only of our homes and firesides, but of all our institutions civil and religious, and upon whose strong arms and stout hearts, under God, our country depends in this hour of trouble. Let the teachers consider themselves as members of a committee to act in this matter, and let every school in our County be represented at the Great Central Fair, for the Sanitary Commission to be held in Philadelphia, the first week in June next. All packages or contributions for this purpose can be left with the undersigned, or in his absence, at his office, with the County Treasurer in the Court House, and will be promptly forwarded.

R. M'DIVITT,
Co. Supt. Schools,
Huntingdon Pa.

GREAT CENTRAL FAIR!

For the Sanitary Commission, to be held in Philadelphia, in the first week of June next.

PHILADELPHIA, March, 12th, 1864.

Restaurant Department.

The co-operation of benevolent and patriotic citizens of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, and elsewhere, is invited, in our efforts to make this more remunerative than any Fair that has preceded it. These Fairs are resorted to as practical means offered to every one to take part in a great and humane work. Let no one, therefore, allow this opportunity to pass, of contributing something for the benefit of the National Soldier in the field; and though the gift may seem small when alone, it soon becomes efficient when combined with numbers. We ask for donations of any and every article, the produce of the Farm. Lake, River, and Ocean, and of foreign importation; of Fruits, fresh, dried, and preserved; of Vegetables, Chickens, Butter, Eggs, Beef, fresh and smoked, Tongues, Hams and Pork, Lobsters, Crabs, Oysters, Clams, Fish, fresh and salt. In truth, there is nothing which may contribute to the well being of our appetites, which may not be entrusted to our care.

GEORGE T. LEWIS, Chairman,
Restaurant Department.

The Soldiers Aid Society of this place, having accepted the Agency in Huntingdon and neighborhood for the 'Restaurant Department' of the Central Fair, Philada.—solicits donations of provisions of all kinds from the citizens of town and country.

Let all aid in this great and good work—send a contribution however small—having the donor's name attached. If left with Mrs. Wm. McMurtrie or Mrs. E. Orbison, will be forwarded by the Society.

If any prefer forwarding their own contributions—send by railroad or express—freight will be paid in Philada.

Please direct all donations thus:

For GEORGE T. LEWIS, Restaurant Department.
Care of A. R. McHENRY, Reception Committee of the Great Central Fair, PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Mch 29, 1864.

☞ The largest stock and greatest variety of styles of Pocket Books and Currency Holders, outside of Philadelphia, can be seen at Lewis' Book Store.

Cigars for Sale at Lewis' Book Store.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

May 10.

Fancy and Extra Family Flour	$8,00@8,25
Common and Superfine	$7,00@7,00
Rye Flour	$7,00
Corn Meal	$5 bl $5.50
Extra White Wheat	$1,76@2,00
Fair and Prime Red	$1,75@1,84
Rye	$1,33
Corn, prime Yellow	$1,21
Oats	,83
Barley Malt	$ bu $1,05
Cloverseed, 64 lbs.	$8,00
Timothy	$2,75@3,00
Flaxseed	$3,15
Wool	,56@,61c
Hides	,10

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Extra Family Flour ₰ bbl	$6,50@7,75
Extra do ₰ cwt	3,75
White Wheat	1,60
Red Wheat	1,50
Rye	1,25
Corn	1,10
Oats	,75
Cloverseed	6,00
Flaxseed	2,50
Dried Apples	2,00
Butter	,25
Eggs	,15
Lard	,15
Ham	,18
Shoulder	,12
Sides	,12
Tallow	,10

THE ladies will find a large assortment of Dress Goods, Cloak Cloths, Sun Shades, Hosiery, Gloves, &c., &c. at mall-tf LLOYD & HENRY'S.

JUST RECEIVED.—A large stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats & Caps, Queensware, Hardware, Cedarware, Carpets, Cloths, &c mall,4t at LLOYD & HENRY'S.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at COFFEE RUN for month ending—April 30, 1864.

Brindle, Jonathan	2	Myers, Mary A	
Crouse, W P		Fouse, David	
Dorman, Jacob		Russell, Jr	
Heeter, Wm S		Shultz, Henry	
Kerr, Jane Rebecca Miss	2		

Coffee Run, May 9 S. COHN, P. M.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of Jno. Cunningham, dec'd.]

Letters of administration upon the estate of John Cunningham, late of Barree tp., Huntingdon county, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment and those having claims will present them for settlement.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM,
May 11, 1864.* Administrator.

Public Sale.

The undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises,

On Wednesday the 1st day of June next

All that certain farm now occupied by him, situate in Barree township, adjoining lands of Robert Fleming, Polly Johnston, Elizabeth Rudy's heirs and others, containing two hundred and fourteen acres, more or less, 190 of which are cleared, having two dwelling houses, a log barn, a fine apple orchard, &c., thereon. Immediate possession given. Terms: One third in hand, and the balance in two equal annual payments, to be secured by bonds and mortgage. [may11] DAVID LIGHTNER.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

TO SELL THE

Elegant Full Length Steel Plate Engraving

OF

PRESIDENT LINCOLN,

Signing the Emancipation Proclamation.

The best and only correct likeness of this great man in existence.

For particulars, address,
JOHN DAINTY, PUBLISHER,
No 17 S. 6th St., Philada.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY AT *ORPHANS' COURT SALE.*

Estate of H. T. White, Esq

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county the undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises,

On Saturday, the 4th day of June, 1864,

at one o'clock on said day, the following described real estate, which was owned by H. T. White, Esq., late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd: All that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Huntingdon, fronting fifty feet on Washington street and extending back at right angles thereto 200 feet to Mifflin street, bounded on the east by lot of William Speight, on the west by lot of Major T. P. Campbell, being lot No. 31 in the plan of said borough, and having thereon a two story log house.

Also—A certain lot of ground in said borough of Huntingdon, fronting on the north side of Mifflin street fifty feet, and extending back therefrom 200 feet to Church street, bounded on the east by lot of Henry Hazzard, and on the west by lot of William Brooks, being lot No. 177 in the plan of said borough.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale and the residue in one year with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser. A. P. WHITE,
may11 Administrator.

NEW GOODS
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.
Wm. MARCH & BROTHER,

Respectfully inform their numerous customers, and the public generally, that they have just received a large and splendid stock of Goods at their store in MARKLESBURG, consisting in part of

DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
NOTIONS,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
GROCERIES,
WOOD & WILLOW WARE,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
NAILS,
GLASS,
OLD MEAT,
CRACKERS,
PROVISIONS,
FISH,
SALT, &c., &c.

BARGAINS NOW FOR

Also—BONNETS and TINWARE;

And in fact everything usually kept in a first class country store, which were bought low for cash and will be sold at corresponding low prices for cash or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully request the patronage of all, and especially our Trough Creek Valley friends.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except *promises.*

☞ Cash paid for all kinds of grain, for which the highest market prices will be given.

We have also a stock of FASHIONABLE FURNITURE which will be sold at reasonable prices.

WILLIAM MARCH & BRO.

Marklesburg, May 11, 1864.

HORSE HAY FORKS, for unloading Hay. J. A. BROWN, Huntingdon, is agent for the best Fork in the United States. Call soon. ma4'64

LOST.

CERTIFICATE No. 190, for Five Shares Stock of the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad Co., dated May 27th, 1854, in the name of Stevens, Hollingshead & Co. All persons are cautioned against negotiating the same, application having been made for a renewal of certificate.

STEVENS, HOLLINGSHEAD & CO.

Philadelphia, ma4-1t

Carpenters and Bricklayers Wanted

CARPENTERS & BRICKLAYERS will find steady employment at the railroad buildings at Renovo, 25 miles above Lock Haven, on the line of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad.

Carpenter's wages, $2,25 per day; Bricklayer's wages, $2,50 per day. Price of Board $4,50 per week.

Apply to H. R. CAMPBELL,
ma4,1864-1m In charge of the work.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

THE undersigned having purchased from T. Nowell his interest in the Alexandria Brewery, the business will hereafter be carried on under the firm of E. O. COLDER & CO., and old customers and the public generally are informed that all orders will receive prompt attention. E. O. COLDER & CO.

ap27,1864

Collection of Soldiers' Claims.

BEING located in Philadelphia, and having superior facilities, I will attend to the Collection of Bounties, Pensions, and Back Pay for Soldiers, their relations, or heirs. W. J. GEISSINGER,
Mch10,1864. Box 2281 P. O., Philada.

THIS WAY! THIS WAY!

A NEW ARRIVAL OF

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS, etc.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK informs the public that he has just received a new stock of BOOTS and SHOES of all sizes and kinds to suit everybody.

Also, Hats, Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Morocco and Lining Skins, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, April6,1864.

FOR SALE.

Farm For Sale.

THE undersigned offer the Farm on which they reside, in West township, Huntingdon county, at private sale. It is situated three miles from Petersburg, and the same distance from Railroad and canal. It contains three hundred and forty-nine acres and allowance: good buildings, and about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and well adapted for a stock farm.

J. S. MAGUIRE,
april19,1864-tf. RACHEL MAGUIRE.

PUBLIC SALE.

We, the undersigned, will expose at public sale on the premises, the old Baptist Church near Stoely's Mill up Mill Creek, to the highest bidder, on Saturday, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the 21st day of May, 1864.

Terms of sale on the day made known by the subscribers.

JAMES SLOAN,
THOMAS IRVIN,
MICHAEL BORING,
Trustees.

sp27,1864.

A TRACT OF LAND AT PUBLIC SALE IN SHIRLEY TOWNSHIP.

The subscribers offer at Private Sale, a Tract of 300 acres of Land, more or less, 100 of which are cleared and under cultivation, situate in the old line of Huntingdon county, Shirley township, (now Mifflin county,) adjoining the Edward Furnace property on all sides. There is a good ore bank, and between 20 and 30 acres of an apple orchard on the premises. The principal part is well timbered, and a stream of water runs through the property.

If this property is not sold at private sale before the second Monday in August, it will on that day be offered at public sale in the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, the balance payable to suit the purchaser, to be secured by bonds and mortgage.

LEVI CHAPLIN,
Huntingdon, ap27 NANCY HOLDER.

A FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE FARM contains 220 Acres, more or less, 70 of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with running water in every field. 20 acres are partly cleared for pasture, well adapted for meadow; the balance is well timbered.

The improvements are a good two story dwelling house, with basement and cellar; and a never failing well at the door; log and frame barn, wagon shed with corncrips, and other out buildings; an orchard of choice bearing fruit trees. The Farm is susceptible of great improvements and productiveness and could be made to be one of the best stock farms in the township. There is also one of the best natural locations for a water power with twenty feet of fall on the premises.

It is situated in Blacklog Valley, Shirley township, convenient to school and mill, and within 12 miles of the Pennsylvania Railroad and Canal at Mount Union.

It will be sold on reasonable and accommodating terms. Title indisputable. For further particulars call on the subscriber in Blacklog Valley, Shirley township.

Aprils-2m. EDWARD ZUEBNER, Agent.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN ALEXANDRIA BOROUGH.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, the undersigned Trustees appointed to make sale of the real estate of Philip Piper, late of Alexandria borough, will offer at public sale on the premises,

On Wednesday, the 11th of May, next,

at ten o'clock, A. M., all the following described real estate in Huntingdon county.

1. A tract of land situate in Porter township, adjoining lands of Swoope & Hunter, and the Juniata river, containing about 146 acres, having a two story log dwelling house, bank barn and outbuildings thereon erected.

2. Two lots of ground in the borough of Alexandria, adjoining each other, having a two story frame dwelling house, a frame stable and outbuildings thereon erected, being lots Nos. 13 and 14 in the plan of said borough.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments thereafter with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

THOMAS WALKER,
PHILIP H. PIPER,
Trustees, &c.

By order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county.

D. WOMELSDORF, Clerk.

Huntingdon, April 20, 1864.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS at PUBLIC SALE IN MOUNT UNION.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, the undersigned will sell at public sale on the premises,

On Friday the 27th day of May, 1864,

at one o'clock of said day, all the following seven lots of ground in the village of Mount Union, portion of the real estate of William Shaver, late of Shirley township, dec'd., described as follows: Nos. five, six and seven, numbering from east to west according to the recorded town plan, fronting on the south side of Railroad street, sixty feet each, and extending back in depth 160 feet to an alley; said three lots lying together and bounded on the west by lot of P. M. Bare, and on the east by lot of Peter Shaver. Numbers nine, ten and eleven, lying together and fronting on Shirley street, sixty feet each, and extending back in depth 160 feet to the alley aforesaid, lying immediately south of the three lots first above described, bounded on the east by land of Nicholas Shaver, and on the west by lot of P. M. Bare. And Lot number fourteen, fronting 66 feet on Shirley street, and extending in depth 160 feet, to said alley, adjoining lot of John Shaver's heirs.

The above lots present excellent sites for business places or private residences in the neat and flourishing village of Mount Union.

JACOB G. COVERT,
ma4 Admr. de bonis non of Wm. Shaver.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF **Mill Creek Furnace Property.**

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county the undersigned will expose to public sale on the premises,

On Thursday, the 2d day of June, 1864,

At two o'clock, P. M., on said day, the interest of Genl. James Irvin, deceased, in all the following described real estate situate in said county, known as "The Mill Creek Furnace Property," viz:

All the one undivided half part of a tract of land situate in the township of Brady near the mouth of Mill Creek, containing 150 acres and 40 perches, about 80 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, having thereon a large blast Furnace with necessary machinery for blowing the same either by steam or water; an excellent grist mill, with four run of stones, sawnt machine, &c, a saw mill, a full complement of dwelling houses for manager and hands to reside in; all of which buildings are near the Penna. Canal.

Also—The one undivided half part of a piece or parcel of land adjoining the above tract and lying between the same and the Juniata river, containing 10 acres and 121 perches; said lands include Mill Creek from the line of the above mentioned tract to its junction with the Juniata river, and is good bottom land with two dwelling houses erected on it.

Also—The one undivided half part of a tract of land adjoining the two above mentioned tracts and the Juniata river, purchased from J. & J. Milliken, containing 32 acres and 120 perches; upon which are built three dwelling houses, stables, &c., also, a large frame dwelling house called the "Mansion House" fronting the turnpike and canal, with commodious grounds, garden, yard, outhouses, &c. A substantial wharf is built and a railroad leading therefrom to the furnace; about two hundred yards on this tract. Also—the one undivided half part of nine tracts of unseated lands situate in the said township of Brady and Henderson, convenient to the said furnace, all of which are well timbered, viz; One tract containing 400 acres, surveyed on a warrant in the name of Daniel Utt; another containing 331 acres and 31 perches, in the name of Adam Houck; another containing 400 acres in the name of Andrew Burgart, another containing 412 acres, in the name of Frederick Bates; another containing 414 acres and 155 perches, in the name of Lewis Lamer; another containing 400 acres, in the names of S. M. Green and J. H. Dorsey; another an improvement right in the name of Wm. Lightner, containing three hundred acres and the other, a tract containing about 20 acres in the name of S. M. Green, adjoining the furnace tract, John Goodman and others.

Also—The one undivided half part of a tract of land situate in same township, containing about 140 acres, of which about 90 acres are cleared and under a good state of cultivation, adjoining lands of Jacob Miller, Wm. Buchanan, and the Juniata river, lying on the Juniata below and including canal and turnpike; on which are erected two dwelling houses and a good frame barn; said tract is known as "Sugar Grove" or "Red House" tract.

Also—The one undivided half part of a tract of land containing 156 acres and 48 perches, situate in said township about one mile east of the said furnace adjoining lands of James Lane and others, about fifty acres of which are cleared; this tract is known by the name of "Duncan place."

Also—The one undivided half part of a tract of land situate in said township of Henderson; containing 197 acres and 134 perches, situate about three miles northeast of the Furnace, on the waters of Mill Creek—adjoining lands of Thomas Read, Michael Hawn and others, having about 50 acres cleared. This tract is known as the "Warefield farm."

Also—The one undivided half part of all the interest which J. H. Dorsey had, and held in and to a tract of land containing 300 acres and 35 perches; surveyed on a warrant in the name of Israel Pennington, on which is the Dorsey Ore bank, situate in Warriorsmark and Franklin townships in said county.

Also—The one undivided half part of seven adjoining tracts of unseated lands situate on Stone Mountain in Henderson and West townships in said county; one thereof in the name of Abraham Duffield, another in the name of Samuel Ayres, another in the name of Jesse Hawkins, another in the name of Thomas Mitchenor, and another in the name of William Mitchenor, containing together about 3000 acres.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half of the purchase in hand upon confirmation of sale, and the balance in one year with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage of the purchaser. MARY ANN IRVIN,
Attest: [Executrix.
DANL. W. WOMELSDORF, Clerk O. C.

The above described Furnace is situate on the Penna. Railroad and Canal at Mill Creek; the woodland attached is within convenient distance. In addition to the well known ore of the Dorsey Ore Bank, which now supplies the furnace, the best fossil and hematite ores are accessible, at Bloody Run, and can be carried direct from the mines to the furnace by railroad.

The Furnace is now in blast, and thus affords one of the best opportunities likely soon to be given to persons desirous of making a good investment in the iron business.

The undersigned executors of the will of John M'Cahan deceased, by virtue of the authority given by said will, at the same time and place that the interest of Genl. Irvin is advertised to be sold, will offer also the interest of John M'Cahan, dec'd., in the same property, being the one undivided fourth part, upon the same terms.

JOHN K. M'CAHAN,
JOHN CRESSWELL,
ma4'64 Executors of John M'Cahan.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

[Estate of Daniel Weight, dec'd.]

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Daniel Weight, late of Warriorsmark tp., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted will make immediate payment. ABRAHAM WEIGHT,
JOHN G. WEIGHT,
April 6, 1864-6t.* Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

[Estate of James Gilliland, dec'd.]

Letters of Administration upon the estate of James Gilliland, late of Cromwell township, Huntingdon county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted will make immediate payment. JAMES HARPER,
ap27,1864-6t* Administrator.

Read the new advertisements.

FISHERS' COLUMN.

THOS. FISHER. H. G. FISHER. T. C. FISHER.

FISHER & SONS

HUNTINGDON, PA,

STAPLE & FANCY DRY-GOODS, ETC., ETC.

A HANDSOME STOCK of GOODS, of all kinds, is now open for the inspection of the public, and we cordially invite all our Customers and the public generally, to call and be convinced that we are unequalled in the quality, taste, style, and prices of our Goods.

We request the public to bear in mind that we purchase principally from first hands in New York, pay Cash for all we buy, and cannot be rivalled in our facilities for opening for public use, a stock of General Merchandise.

HUNTINGDON MILLS.

GRAIN, FLOUR, AND FEED.

WE ARE PREPARED TO PURchase all kinds of GRAIN, for which we will pay the highest cash prices, and will have for sale at all times, FLOUR, FEED, &c.

PLASTER! PLASTER!!

WE HAVE an IMMENSE STOCK of PLASTER; an ample supply for this and neighboring counties! Having a Mill expressly for grinding it, we can produce finer and more desirable stock than can usually be had.

SALT! SALT!

WE OFFER 500 BBLS. of SPLENdid ONONDAIGA SALT, unequalled in quality and price. G. A, Salt in sacks is also kept constantly on hand.

FISH. FISH.

10 Bbls. No 1 MACKEREL.
10 " No. 2 "
10 " No. 3 "
15 Half Bbls. No. 1 "
20 " " No. 2 "
10 " " No. 3 "

Quarter Barrels and Kits, of all numbers, are also offered.

SUMAC. SUMAC.

WE ARE AT ALL TIMES PREpared to buy SUMAC; will pay cash, or trade, as desired

FLAX. FLAX.

THE HIGH PRICES RULING FOR Cotton Goods has compelled public attention to be more especially directed to the culture of Flax. It can be made by some attention, one of the most valuable products a farmer can produce; an acre readily producing 50 to 60 Dollars worth of fibre and seed. Great care should be taken by growers to have their Flax spread very thin when rolling; when watered sufficiently on one side, it should be turned, and subject to exposure until all the stalks get a grey color, and the lint readily separates from the wood by a gentle rub.

It should on a very dry day be tied in bundles, and is then ready for the mill. As a general thing too much seed is sown on an acre. Unless the ground is very rich one Bushel per acre is sufficient. If the ground is very strong one and one fourth bushel is ample.

Dec 16, 1863.

Late Raid at Marklesburg Station!

HASTEN TO THE RESCUE!

COME ONE, COME ALL, AND SEE THE NEW CHEAP CASH STORE OF

BOYER & CANTNER,

MARKLESBURG STATION,

On the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad.

THIS IS THE PLACE TO BUY CHEAP FOR THE CASH.

Having just opened our

Spring and Summer Stock of Goods,

We cordially invite the public to call and see it, before purchasing elsewhere. We have a superb variety of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Beautiful in figure, excellent in quality, and low in price.

We also keep on hand Domestic Goods, Queensware, Groceries, and all other things usually kept in stores; with a sufficient variety of qualities, and prices to suit every taste. Try us, and be convinced.

In addition to the above we have a very spacious Warerooom, in which all goods received from, and to be forwarded over the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad will be safely stored until called on by our respective patrons; and all business that can be done for the benefit of the Railroad Company will be faithfully discharged by us.

BOYER & CANTNER.

Marklesburg, ma4-2m*

A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

BE it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

"SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections, by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election."

SECTION II. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight, and nine, as follows.

"SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills."

"SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth."

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
Harrisburg, April 26, 1864.

PENNSYLVANIA SS:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution prop sing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The above Resolution having been agreed to by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the pro

U. S.
REVENUE STAMPS
FOR SALE
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY IN THE

GIRARD
Fire and Marine Insurance Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.

NO MARINE RISKS—FIRE RISKS ONLY TAKEN.

Perpetual policies granted on brick and stone buildings. Limited policies granted on frame or log buildings, merchandise and furniture.

☞ *No premium notes required, consequently no assessments made.*

R. ALLISON MILLER,
Sept5,1863 Agt. for Huntingdon & adjoining Cos

SATCHELS,
PORT-MONNAIES,
PURSES,
POCKET-BOOKS,
PORTFOLIOS,
CARD CASES,
SEGAR CASES, &c., &c.,
A handsome assortment just received At LEWIS' Book Store.

GEORGE P. ELDREDGE
WITH
CHARLES DESILVER,
Wholesale and Retail
PUBLISHER and BOOKSELLER,
1229 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADA.

☞ Your patronage is solicited.
April 13, 1864-1y.

AT THE
PARIS MANTILLA EMPORIUM,
No. 920 Chestnut St., Philada.
—NOW OPEN—
Paris-made Mantillas and Cloaks.
Also, SPRING and SUMMER GARMENTS, of our own Manufacture, of the latest styles and in great variety.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
The Paris Mantilla Emporium,
920 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
April 13, 1864.

Guns, Pistols, Fishing Tackle,
FINE CUTLERY,
And Sporting Apparatus generally.
Rods, Lines, Reels, Baskets, Baits, Flies, Hooks, Nets, Foils, Gloves, Masks, Billies, Corkscrews, Dog Collars, &c.,
Constantly on hand, and for sale, Wholesale and retail at JOHN KRIDERS,
Sportsmen's Depot,
Mch2,1864-6m.] N. E. Cor. 2d & Walnut, Philada.

G. W. Carpenter, Henszey & Co's
WHOLESALE DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 737 Market St., Philadelphia.

The subscriber keeps constantly on hand a large stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS, and every other article which appertains to the business, embracing the most extensive variety; also, PAINTS, OIL and GLASS, of every description.

All articles purchased from us can be relied on as being of the most superior quality and at as low prices as they can be had. We can offer such inducements as will make it the interests of purchasers to lay in their supplies from us, and give us their future patronage, and invite all who visit the city, to call at our establishment. All orders addressed to us by mail or otherwise will meet with prompt attention.

GEO. W. CARPENTER & CO.,
Feb-3m 737 Market Street, Philada.

1864. PHILADELPHIA PAPER HANGINGS. 1864.
HOWELL & BOURKE,
MANUFACTURER OF
WALL PAPERS,
& WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,
Corner 4th and Market Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

N. B. A fine stock of LINEN SHADES constantly on hand. Feb24,1864-3m

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,
WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELER,
MANUFACTURER OF
SILVER WARE and IMPORTER of WATCHES,
No. 148 North Second st., Corner Quarry,
PHILADELPHIA.

He has constantly on hand an assortment of Gold and Silver Patent Levers, Lepine and Plain Watches. Fine Gold Chains, Seals and Keys. Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Bracelets, Miniature Cases, Medallions, Lockets, Pencils, Thimbles, Spectacles, Silver Table, Dessert, Tea, Salt and Mustard Spoons: Sugar Spoons, Cups, Napkin Rings, Fruit and Butter Knives, Shields, Combs, Diamond Pointed Pens, etc.—*all of which will be sold low for Cash!*

M. I. TOBIAS & CO'S best quality full jewelled Patent Lever Movements constantly on hand; also other Makers of superior quality.

N. B.—*Old Gold and Silver bought for Cash.*
Sept. 9, 1863-1y.

COFFEE! COFFEE!!
THE UNIVERSALLY APPROVED
NONPAREIL,
and other favorite brands of fresh ground COFFEE,
FOR SALE AT
THE EAGLE STEAM SPICE AND COFFEE WORKS,
Nos. 244, 246 & 248 Nth. Front St.,
Corner of New St., Philadelphia.
De23-6m.] HOWARD WORRELL.

ISAAC HOUGH & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
Hoops, Shooks, Heading, Staves, Quercitron & Tanners' Bark, Treenails, &c.
No. 416 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

ISAAC HOUGH. EMMOR K. JANNEY
April 6, 1864-3m.

ALBUMS ALBUMS.
A beautiful assortment of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS just received and for sale
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

AGENCY,
FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.
August 12, 1863.

New Furniture Establishment.
J. M. WISE,
Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture,

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, between Cunningham's Store and Dean's National House, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

☞ Funerals attended at any place in town or country, by J. M. WISE.
Huntingdon, Sept. 24, 1862-tf.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS IN HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "*An act to amend an act directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes and other purposes.*" passed 13th March, 1815, and the other acts upon the subject, the Treasurers of the several counties within this Commonwealth are directed to commence on the 2d Monday in June, in the year 1815, and at the expiration of every two years thereafter, and adjourn from day to day, if it be necessary to do so, and make public sale of the whole or any part of such tract of unseated land, situate in the proper county, as will pay the arrearages of the taxes which shall have then remained due or unpaid for the space of one year before, together with all costs necessarily accruing by reason of such delinquency, &c. Therefore, I, D. BLACK, Treasurer of the county of Huntingdon, do hereby give notice that upon the following tracts of unseated land, situate as hereinafter described, the several sums stated are the arrearages of taxes, respectively, due and unpaid for one year, and that in pursuance of the direction of the aforesaid Act of Assembly, I shall, on MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, commence the Public Sale of the whole or any part of such tracts of unseated land, upon which all or any part of the taxes herein specified shall then be due; and continue such sale by adjournment until all the tracts upon which the taxes shall remain due and unpaid, shall be sold.

D. BLACK,
Treas. of Hunt. Co.
Treasurer's Office, April 6, 1864.

Amount of Taxes due and unpaid on the following Tracts of Use ated Lands, up to and including the year 1862:

Warrantees or Owners.	Acres.	Perches.	Tax
Barree Township.			D. C.
Moses Vanest,	427		27 59
James Ash, and Wm. Shannon,	385		24 61
Brady township.			
James Drakes,	10		04
John Smiley's estate,	200		2 00
John Wiley,	170		20 20
Robert Austin,	204		8 73
Lewis Ige,	64		2 56
Joseph Webb	302	44	13 03
Andrew Bell,	43	33	1 01
Robert Watson,	227		9 43
William Watson,	425		4 20
Christian Kauffman,	33		66
Carbon township.			
Clemen's heirs,	57		51
John Howard,	6		1 74
John Howard,	4 lots in New Grenada.		1 42
Henry Rhodes,	53		1 39
Cook and Eldor,	133		2 94
William Spring,	400		10 60
John Murphy,	400		6 60
William Blon,	400		10 60
John Blon,	400		6 60
Benjamin Price,	200		5 30
Alexander Henry,	400		10 60
William Mowan,	418		11 08
Henry Miller,	12		2 16
Jonathan Pew, (or Pugh.)	100		3 40
David Gapsley,	243		2 58
Speer and Dougherty,	439		11 62
Thomas Michenor,	105		23 64
Henry Roberts,	75		19 21
Speer and Dougherty, (part)	438	49	3 87
John P Baker,	150		28 85
J. S. Stewart.	24		5 30
Joseph W. Spangler,	100		6 30
Cass township.			
Robert Miller,	400		4 20
William Miller,	400		4 20
Neal Clark,	157		7 38
Clay township.			
Abraham Green,	208	105	5 48
Isaac Green,	282	61	5 75
John Green,	269	56	6 66
Joshua Offs,	264	140	4 35
George Green,	283	31	4 68
Thomas Green,	303	108	3 87
Cromwell township.			
Alexander McKuhan,	403	52	6 31
Charles Bayles,	356	31	3 22
John Smith,	267	17	3 24
G. Stevenson,	403	53	2 63
John Jouda n,	413	20	3 46
Samuel Galbraith,	393	41	3 24
Joseph Galbraith,	400	30	3 30
John Galbraith,	423	77	3 36
James McMullin,	150		2 39
Dublin township.			
James Old,	350		2 76
Franklin township.			
Isett and Keller,	92		3 70
John Palmer,	11		3 56
James McClellan,	20		6 48
David Caldwell,	40		4 00
James Logan,	5		41
Henderson township.			
A. P. Knepp,	174	140	11 79
John Grafius,	9		65
James Port,	30		99
Hopewell township.			
Peter Herring,	210		8 61
Conrad Herring,	200		3 45
David Shaffer,	212		3 65
Sarah Levi,	202		3 50
Margaret Levi,	207		3 57
Adam Levi,	205		3 52
Abraham Levi,	206		2 97
Hannah Herring,	97		1 67
Frederick Herring,	37		62
Juniata township.			
Samuel Caldwell,	100		3 05
William Barrack,	200		6 00
John S. Isett,	1100		33 55
Daniel Africa,	30		36
Jackson township.			
Thomas Panner,	400		5 30
George Stever,	400		5 30
Jacob Hiltzimer,	400		5 38
Ephraim Jones,	400		15 47
John Brown.	400		15 47
William Johnston,	400		5 30
Robert Johnston,	400		4 40
Charles Caldwell,	400		4 40
James Dean. (part)	422		7 38
John Russell,	400		5 30
James West,	400		6 30
Samuel Cannon,	420		14 60
Samuel Steel,	400		4 40
George Wise,	400		5 30
Devinney's heirs,	37		66
Oneida township.			
E Brandon,	441		9 93
E. Evans,	431		9 69
D. Stevens,	352		4 76
John Light,	268		47 14
James Whitehead,	204	29	69 19
William B. Zeigler,	11		49
Porter township.			
William Smith,	180		38 20
William Smith,	100		21 24
Samuel Fisher,	76	107	5 01
John Spencer,	294		20 21
Benj. K. Neff,	100		6 60
William Smith,	402		28 95
John N. Swoope & Co. (Shoenberger)	275		18 15
John N. Swoope & Co. "	105		5 21
John N. Swoope & Co. "	224		11 09
John N. Swoope & Co. "	184		9 30
John N. Swoope & Co. "	208		14 75
Shirley township.			
James McMullin,	486		1 88
James Caldwell,	403	158	8 25
William Weaver,	8 town lots in Mt. Union)		77
Daniel Shindel,	376		84
William and John Patterson,	175		1 38
Springfield township.			
Samuel Caldwell's heirs,	4		11
Tell township.			
Simon Patter,	335	120	2 94
John Prose,	414	10	3 42
Adam Claw,	431	80	3 57
George Turman,	395	113	3 28
John Caldwell,	344	31	1 29
W. Anderson,	100		2 48
Tod township.			
Taylor's heirs,	45	81	4 41
Samuel Cornelius,	395	8	6 53
Speer and Martin,	96		2 01
Eliz Smith,	122		1 83
Francis Mowan,	448		3 27
James Witer,	400		22 61
Nancy Davis,	402		3 38
Isaac Huston,	400		4 80
Johanna Huston,	400		4 80
Rasin Davis,	400		4 80
Amos Clark,	150		1 81
John Chambers,	400		4 80
Burkley and Edwards,	400		26 70
Burkley and Edwards,	400		17 80
Wm. E. McHurtrie,	200		75
Mary Fried,	400		5 80
Union township.			
Arthur Fea,	455		5 84
John Bell,	192		2 45
Robert Bell,	224		2 59
Sarah Elliott,	60		1 53
John Bell,	200		3 50
Benjamin Elliot,	26		67
John Covanhaven,	288		7 35
John Brewster,	400		25 20
Samuel Caldwell,	300		7 65
Samuel Caldwell,	10		1 55
Walker township.			
John Ker's estate,	417		12 72
Richard Smith,	381		8 56
Charles Smith,	80		1 80
John Ker,	99		1 48
John Patton,	437		21 19
George Cutwalt,	100		17 55
Jacob Myers,	200		14 85
John Patton,	90		8 47
Samuel Findley,	110		12 39
Hugh Tourish,	422		3 49
Rudolph Tourish,	412		3 41
Warriorsmark township.			
J. Matthews, A. Otto, & J. Armitage,	200		46 60
West township.			
William Brocken,	369		18 27
William Reed,	12	114	60
Philip Sickle,	435		26 84
Cadwalader Evans,	433		35 53
George Bingham,	493		40 44

ALSO—The following real estate upon which personal property cannot be found sufficient to pay the taxes returned by the several collectors, is charged with the taxes thereon assessed for the years 1861 and 1862 and will be sold as unseated lands in pursuance of the directions of the forty-first section of the act of assembly entitled "an act to reduce the state debt and to incorporate the Pennsylvania Canal and Railroad Company" approved the 20th of April, 1844:

Brady township.			
James Ross' estate,	90		15 20
Cass township.			
Thomas T. Norris,	180		1 20
Franklin township.			
John W. Mattern,	13		5 55
Hopewell township.			
G. Shaffer or Shoenberger,	105		95
M. Shaffer, or "	205		1 85
— Herring or "	206		1 85
— Metz, or "	90		81
— Elder, or "	190		2 70
Shirley township.			
James Templeton,	1 house and lot,		1 50
James McIlhenny,	1 lot in Mt. Union,		71
Isaac Clingston,	8		1 22
John Shaver,	1 lot in Mt. Union,		35
Tell township.			
David Wilson,	300		1 18
William Waters,	10		68
John Goshorn,	150		1 18
David Thompson,	30		90
David Blair,	100		90
Robert Patterson,	300		2 21
Patterson's heirs,	229		1 19
Patterson and Vandyke,	375		1 41
Tod township.			
John R. Flanagan,	20		1 50
J. R. Flanagan,	100		1 50
West township.			
James Miller,	1 lot in Petersburg,		1 03

PUBLIC NOTICE.

All persons interested will please take notice, that the undersigned deputy Collector of U. S. Internal Revenue for Huntingdon county, will attend on the 1st and 3d Tuesdays of each month, at the Jackson Hotel, in the borough of Huntingdon, to receive taxes, &c., commencing on the 7th July.

JAMES CLARKE.
July 7th, 1863.

W. A STEPHENS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

OFFICE.—In Treasurer's room in Court House—up stairs.
Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1863.

EYRE & LANDELL,
Fourth & Arch Sts,
PHILADELPHIA.

ARE OPENING FOR SPRING, 1864,
100 pcs. $1 Fancy SILKS. 50 pcs. India Silks, $1. 19 pcs. Good Black Silks. 200 pcs Ordered Plain Silks, 4-4 LYONS Black Silk VELVET. Brown Silks, $6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 per yard. Black Silks, $5, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 per yard. Moire Antiques, all colors. Magnificent Grenadines. Magnificent Organdies. Richest CHINTZES and PERCALES. SPRING SHAWLS. New Household STAPLE GOODS.

N. B. General assortment of Men's Wear.
March 9, 1864-3m

FOR THE GREATEST VARIETY OF
Handsome and Useful Articles,
Call at LEWIS' Book Store.

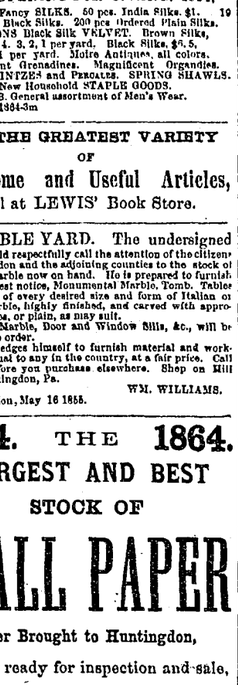
MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Table and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.
Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

1864. THE 1864.
LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF
WALL PAPER
Ever Brought to Huntingdon,
Is now ready for inspection and sale,
AT
LEWIS'
Book, Stationery and Music Store.
NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES
AT
LOWER PRICES
Than the same article can be bought in Philadelphia or Pittsburg.
OUR STOCK
Consists of upwards of
One Hundred Different Styles
OF
Wall & Ceiling Paper & Bordering,
FOR
The Parlor, Sitting Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall, Kitchen, Office, Store, Shop, &c., &c.
Call at the "Globe" Building,
and examine our stock and prices.



WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,
A LARGE STOCK
AND
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
OF
Window Curtain Papers,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!

CONSTABLE'S SALES,	ATTACH'T EXECUTIONS.
ATTACHMENTS,	EXECUTIONS,
SUMMONS,	DEEDS.
SUBPŒNAS,	MORTGAGES,
SCHOOL ORDERS,	JUDGMENT NOTES.
LEASES FOR HOUSES,	NATURALIZATION B'KS,
COMMON BONDS,	JUDGMENT BONDS,
WARRANTS,	FEE BILLS,

NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers.
MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace and Ministers of the Gospel.
COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITMENT, in case of Assault and Battery, and Affray.
CIERE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment.
COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School, Borough and Township Taxes.

Printed on superior paper and for sale at the Office of the **HUNTINGDON GLOBE.**

BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly, at short notice, and on good Paper.

50,000,
BEST QUALITY
WHITE, BUFF, ORANGE, YELLOW,
AND FANCY
ENVELOPES,
Just received and for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

THE BEST
STOCK OF FINE STATIONERY,
FOR
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,
EVER RECEIVED IN HUNTINGDON,
CAN NOW BE HAD
AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

J. D. CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office in the Brick Row, nearly opposite the Court House. [April 16, 1863

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 15, 1869.

WILLIAM AFRICA
HAS AGAIN COMMENCED THE
BOOT AND SHOE-MAKING,
ONE DOOR EAST OF H. ROMAN'S CLOTHING STORE.
His old customers and the public generally, will give him a call. [Huntingdon, Oct. 20, 1858.]

THE JACKSON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
J. MORRISON, Proprietor

WM. LEWIS,
Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, *Huntingdon,* Pa.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM
Founder, Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A good assortment of miscellaneous and School Books—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial and Note Paper—Plain and Fancy Envelopes—Red, Blue and Black Inks—Blank Books of numerous sizes—Pens, Pencils, Pocket and Desk Inkstands, and every other article usually found in a Book and Stationery Store, can be had at fair prices at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

POCKET TESTAMENTS,
A LARGE STOCK ON HAND AT
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

BOOK BINDING.
Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE! If you want your card neatly printed upon envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

FOR THE LADIES.
A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for confidential correspondence, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

WM. WILLIAMS,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

ENVELOPES—By the box, pack or less quantity, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

WRAPPING PAPER!
A good article for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE

If you want Carpets and Oil Cloths, call at D. P. GWIN'S where you will find the largest assortment in town.

SCHOOL BOOKS,
Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at
LEWIS' BOOK, AND STATIONERY STORE.

MUSIC THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawm—The Jubilee—Hunten's and Bertini's enlarged and improved Instructors—Welland's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Leland's Accordeon, Violin and Fifte Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Base Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dances—The Chorus Glee Book—Tara's Harp, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

STONE-WARE at S. S. Smith's Grocery, 20 per cent. cheaper than any other place in town.

THE best Tobacco in town, at
D. P. GWIN'S.

OLD BRASS AND COPPER taken in exchange for goods at the Hardware Store
Sept. 3, 1862. JAS. A. BROWN

READY RECKONER.
A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

ENVELOPES, wholesale and retail, for sale LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

If you want handsome Goods, good Goods, cheap Goods, and all kin d of Goods, go to
D. P. GWIN'S.

BOOTS & SHOES, Hats & Caps, the largest assortment and cheapest to be found at
D. P. GWIN'S

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at
BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

GUM SHOES, cheaper at D. P. Gwin's than can be had in town. Call and see them.

PAPER! PAPER!!
Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at
LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS,
For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

HOOP SKIRTS with from 4 to 30 hoops, at prices from 25 cts. to $2,00 at the cheap store of D. P. GWIN.

D. P. GWIN keeps the largest, best assortment and cheapest shoes in town. Call and examine them.

TRACING MUSLIN,
DRAFTING AND DRAWING PAPER
White and Colored Card Paper,
For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at
D. P. GWIN'S.

CARPET Sacks and Fancy Baskets at GWIN'S.

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicina purposes at S. S. SMITH'S

A beautiful lot of Shaker Bonnets for sale cheap, at D. P. GWIN'S.

D. P. GWIN'S is the place to buy good and cheap Carpets.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS

LADIES Collars, very cheap and beautiful, at D. P. GWIN'S.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want fashionable Goods

CALL at the new CLOTHING STORE of GUTMAN & CO., if you want a good article Clothing. Store room in Long's newbuilding, in the Diamond, Huntingdon. Sept 18, 1857

BLANK BOOKS,
OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.
Huntingdon, April 15, 1868. H. ROMAN.

THE PEOPLE'S COOK BOOK.
MODERN COOKERY
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
BY
MISS ELIZA ACTON.
Carefully Revised by Mr. J. S. Hale.

IT TELLS YOU How to choose all kinds of Meats, Poultry, and Game, with all the various and most approved modes of dressing and cooking Beef and Pork; also the best and simplest way of salting, pickling and curing the same.

IT TELLS YOU All the various and most approved modes of dressing, cooking, and boning Mutton, Lamb, Veal, Poultry, and game of all kinds with the different Dressings, Gravies, and Stuffings appropriate to each.

IT TELLS YOU How to choose, clean, and preserve Fish of all kinds, and how to sweeten it when tainted; also all the various and most approved modes of cooking, with the different Dressings, Sauces, and Flavorings appropriate to each.

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